中考 · 2020年贵州省安顺市中考英语真题

历年真题

满分 108 分 · 时长 120 分钟 · 共 70 题 · 贵州省安顺市

姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 得分：_____

手机在线做此卷
微信小程序即考
自动判分 · 手机作答

收听本卷听力题
973 687
yingyu8.cn/d/973687

本卷答案与讲解
166 907
yingyu8.cn/an/166907

一、第一大题听力（共 4 小题，每小题 1 分，共 4 分）

（听力/听写音频请在英速通应用内播放作答）

1. Bob advised the lady to teach kids _____.

A. reading skills B. swimming skills C. writing skills

2. Laura is writing a passage about _____.

A. famous people B. interesting inventions C. future life

3. Kim's favorite band is the Coldplay and he can _____ its music.

A. play B. sing along with C. dance to

4. The topic of the speakers' conversation is about _____.

A. celebrations B. nature

C. Population 第四节根据对话内容及问题,选择最佳选项。读两遍。

二、第二大题 单项填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

5. Chinese volleyball player Zhu Ting has become _____ world-recognized sports star.

A. / B. a C. the

6. _____ January 25, President Xi told the public that nothing matters more than people's safety and health.

A. From B. On C. In

7. —Tara, what's your favorite _____? —Orange. Half of my dresses are orange.

A. fruit B. drink C. color

8. With the improvement in transportation, students in some small villages no longer go on ropeways _____ rivers to schools.

A. to cross B. crossing C. crossed

9. In difficult times, there are always national heroes _____ step up and bring people hope.

A. whom B. which C. who

10. — Krystal, do you know how tea is produced? — Yes. When tea leaves are ready, they are picked by hand and then _____ for processing.

A. send B. are sent C. were sent

11. After-school activities help students gain more skills and teach _____ to care about others.

A. me B. you C. them

12. As we all know, using public chopsticks _____ necessary when we eat with others.

A. is B. are C. was

13. —Pingtang Bridge has the highest concrete bridge tower in the world. — _____ amazing it is!

A. How B. What C. What an

14. Drugs are harmful to people's physical and mental health. We teenagers must _____ them.

A. take care of B. keep away from C. get used to

15. With the help of Air Classroom, students _____ keep learning even with schools closed.

A. can B. must C. should

16. The BBC's documentary Du Fu：China's Greatest Poet explains _____ Du's works have been popular for centuries.

A. when B. whether C. why

17. Since 1990, Project Hope _____ millions of students from poor families realize their dreams.

A. will help B. has helped C. helps

18. If we are interested in something, our brain is _____ and it is also easier for us to pay attention to it for a long time.

A. active B. more active C. the most active

三、第三大题情景交际（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

19. Cindy, don’t run in the living room! _____

20. Alice, is your brother heavy or thin? _____

21. I think a true friend touches your heart. _____

22. Nick, what’s your model plane made of? _____

23. My grandfather was hit by a bike yesterday. 第二节选择方框内最佳选项完成对话。选项中有一项为多余选项。 A：May I help you? B：___21___ I’d like to borrow some books on Western culture and customs. How can I find them? A：___22___ B：OK. How many books may I borrow at a time? A：___23___ （Ten minutes later） B：I’d like to borrow these three books. ___24___ A：Two weeks. B：Two weeks? I’m afraid I can’t return them until I’ve finished my project. A：In that case, you

must renew them before they’ re due. ___25___ It’ s 0.5 yuan a day for each book. B At most five. _____

四、第四大题完形填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。 A Wang Wei’ s parents were waiting for him when he got home. His dad handed him a letter. It was from the university. His hands were shaking as he took the letter—his ___24___ was inside. Ever since Wang Wei was little, he wanted to be an ___25___. He often took his toys apart and put them back together. One day, his mom was ___26___ to see that Wang Wei had taken apart the television! His dad told her to have faith(信心) in Wang Wei, and sure enough he put the television back together ___27___. Wang Wei’ s teachers all noticed his talent. They told his ___28___ Wang Wei should go to university. Wang Wei was very excited about this. No one in Wang Wei’ s family had ever gone to university before. His mom was not sure if it was a good idea. ___29___ his dad said, “Have faith in Wang Wei and his dream.” Wang Wei knew his family couldn’ t ___30___ university. So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships(奖学金). Now Wang Wei had the letter in his hand that would tell him if he could go to the university.He took a deep breath and opened the envelope. It says, "Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university on a full scholarship! "His mom ___31___ him with tears in her eyes. “I am so proud of you!” she said. His dad patted his back. “I’ ve always had faith in Wang Wei and his dream,” he said. B The first time I saw Kai, she was sitting in my front yard, holding my dog Harley in her arms. She had just ___32___ into a small house nearby. I think she liked Harley's friendly personality, just as he liked hers. From the second I talked to her, I knew Kai would be a lifelong ___33___ . Her smile made me feel better just being around her. Her face was always full of ___34___ . It didn't take long before Kai was beloved by all her new neighbors here. Every time we visited her, she would kindly listen to all of our problems and then say something so ___35___ that we would leave her home with our hearts singing. Sometimes I would read her my stories and she would always encourage me to keep ___36___ . All of this time, though, Kai was slowly dying from cancer, she lived each day with such cheer that often forgot just how ___37___ she was. Still, she died on a cold winter day with heavy snow falling down. During the short time we had been together I ___38___ so much from Kai about how to truly live. She taught us so many lessons about kindness, happiness, hope and cheer.

24. A. future B. resolution C. pride
25. A. artist B. actor C. engineer
26. A. happy B. upset C. scared
27. A. angrily B. bravely C. perfectly
28. A. guests B. parents C. cousins

29. A. Because B. As C. But
30. A. afford B. choose C. enter
31. A. hugged B. thanked C. left
32. A. walked B. moved C. run
33. A. friend B. boss C. fan
34. A. happiness B. worries C. doubts
35. A. serious B. wise C. silly
36. A. waiting B. singing C. writing
37. A. popular B. busy C. ill
38. A. expected B. learned C. accepted

五、第五大题 阅读理解（共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，共 20 分）

An Experiment Report on Growing Potato Plants Things prepared： a potato that has sprouts a flower pot with soil a camera to record progress Observation： Day One The color of the soil looks darker because I have just watered it. In the center of the pot, I can see a tiny sprout that has grown from the potato under the soil. I’ ll call it Buddy. Buddy is green and yellow. I wonder how fast it will grow. Day six Without much change in the past six days, I finally see some new progress on Buddy as it has grown taller. It’ s exciting to see new life like this. I hope Buddy can grow faster. Day Eleven Buddy is getting larger! Three more new sprouts have grown around Buddy! Green leaves have grown on the new sprouts, but they have not fully grown yet. I guess I need to be a bit more patient. Day Thirteen Buddy continues to grow taller. The leaves on the new sprouts have grown a bit. I’ m also excited to see more new sprouts that have grown from under the soil. Day Fifteen Finally, the leaves on the other sprouts are 3 cm tall. They’ re so green. I hope they will soon grow into new potatoes. What I have learned It’ s really interesting to grow potatoes. During these fifteen days, I have learned that growing potato plants needs plenty of water. If soil is dry, the potato will fail to grow. I have also learned that the temperature needs to be right. If it is too cold, it won’ t grow. I feel that growing plants is just like trying to succeed with anything in life it takes not only time, but also lots of efforts and patience.

39. The reading material is an experiment report about _____.
A. chemistry B. physics C. biology

40. How many things did the writer prepare before her experiment?
A. Three. B. Five. C. Seven.

41. How did the writer feel when she saw the progress of the potato plants?
A. Excited. B. Nervous. C. Surprised.

42. What can we know from the writer’ s experiment report?

A. “Buddy” grew very fast in the first six days.

B. Plenty of water is necessary for growing potato plants.

C. The writer got new potatoes on the fifteenth day of the experiment.

43. What has the writer learned from the experiment?

A. Old habits die hard.

B. Rome wasn’ t built in one day.

C. Knowledge comes from questioning. B In the town of Lampang in northern Thailand, there is an unusual group of musicians. They play many different kinds of music—from traditional Thai songs to music by Beethoven. Both children and adults love this group. What makes them so popular? Is it their music? Their looks? Yes, it's both of these things, but it's also something else：they're elephants. These musical elephants are from the Thai Elephant Conservation Center （TECC）in Lampang. The TECC protects elephants. It teaches people to understand and care for these huge, but gentle, animals. And, like many zoos around the world, the TECC encourages elephants to paint. Richard Lair works with the TECC. He knew that elephants hear better than they see. So he had an idea：if elephants are intelligent and they have good hearing, maybe they can play music. To test his idea, Lair and a friend started the Thai Elephant Orchestra. During a performance, the elephants play a variety of instruments, including the drums and the xylophone. The animals also use their voices and trunks to make sounds. But can elephants really make music properly? Yes, says Lair. they’ re very creative. Humans may encourage the animals to play instruments, but the elephants make their own songs；they don't just copy their trainers or other people. There are now CDs of the group's music, which make money for the TECC. And the music these artists create is pretty amazing.

44. What can be the best title for the passage?

A. Musical Elephants

B. An Introduction to the TECC

C. Richard Lair's Achievements

45. What does the underlined word "them" refer to in the passage?

A. Musicians. B. Children. C. Adults.

46. What can be inferred（推断） from the passage the passage ?

A. Richard Lair started the Thai Elephant Orchestra by himself.

B. The elephants in the TECC can only play traditional Thai songs.

C. The CDs of the Thai Elephant Orchestra are popular with people.

47. The writer wrote this passage to _____.

A. ask people to save the elephants

B. invite more people to join the TECC

C. introduce the elephants' special talents to people

48. Where can we most probably read this passage?

A. A medical newspaper.

B. An animal magazine

C. A story book 第二节根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。 Nirmal Purja has set several world records after climbing the world's 14 highest mountains in less than seven months. ___51___ Though he was born 1, 600 meters above sea level, he didn't climb any serious mountains until he was 29. But Mr. Purja, now 36, was trained to be strong. He used to be a soldier in the British army, where he had special training for fighting in very cold weather. ___52___ There are only14 mountains in the world that are higher than8,000 meters. Mr. Purja had already climbed several of them. ___53___ The old record for climbing the 14 mountains was seven years, ten months and six days. It was set by South Korean climber Kim Chang-ho in 2013. Mr. Purja named his challenge "Project Possible". ___54___ On October 29, just a little more than six months after he started, Nirmal Purja had finished climbing the 14th mountain. Though Mr. Purja completed his challenge unbelievably quickly, it wasn't easy. For example, during one day of climbing Shishapangma Mr. Purja and his team climbed for 15 hours nonstop.___55___ Mr. Purja was born in Nepal in the Himalayas. He had completed five more climbs in Pakistan. He began on April 23, by climbing Annapurna in Nepal A.

D. His goal was to climb all of them in less than seven months.

E. They had to deal with winds as fast as 75 kilometers per hour.

F. In 2018, he left there to follow his dream of mountain climbing.

六、第一节根据语境,用所给词的适当形式填空。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

49. China is the _____(three)nation that sent a person into space.

_____

50. Nowadays, shared _____(car) are becoming more and more popular.

_____

51. People were _____(complete)shocked when they heard about Kobe's accident.

52. So far, no _____(science)studies have shown that shark fins are good for health.

53. Beijing Opera, an important part of Chinese culture, _____(have) a history of over 200 years. 第二节根据语境,选择恰当的短语完成下列各句。短语中有一个为多余短语。 pull together a pair of work out such as thousands of are thirsty for

54. The students in my school _____ knowledge and are very hard-working.

55. I believe if we _____, our table tennis team can do much better next time.

56. Eric bought his father _____ black shoes with his pocket money on Father’ s Day.

57. Giant pandas are one of our national treasures. They are seen by _____ people every year.

58. Exercise _____ playing sports is fun. We can spend time with friends as we play together.

七、第七大题 任务型阅读（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

第一节阅读短文,根据其内容完成文后的句子。 How would you feel if moving to a new town meant losing track of your friends? What if the only way of getting news from faraway friends was writing letters that took ages to be delivered（递送）? This was how things worked not very long ago. Thanks to advances in technology, how we make friends and communicate with them has changed greatly. Nowadays, we can move around the world and still stay in touch with our friends. Social media tools（社交媒体工具） let us see what our friends are busy with and maintain friendships. The digital（数字）age also enables us to find people who share our interests. Whatever our hobbies, the Internet can connect us with others who also enjoy doing them, even if they live on the other side of the world. But when you friend people online, does this mean that they really are your friends? It depends. If people always exchange true personal information online, then yes, these friendships can be real and meaningful. But we need to remember that what we see on social media is often not the whole truth about a person. Sometimes smiling photos can hide real problems. On the Internet, nobody knows you're a dog. A young person could be old；a woman could be a man；we could even be sharing our information with criminals. But this doesn't mean that we should throw the baby out with the bathwater. Although technology has changed the way we acquire（获得）friends, the meaning of friendship and our longing for friends remain the same. As Aristotle said, no one would choose to live without friends, even if he had all other goods. 66. Ways of making friends and communicating with them have changed greatly because of _____. 67. To stay in touch with our faraway friends, we can _____. 68. Online friendships can be real and meaningful if people

_____ with each other. 69. The phrase “throw the baby out with the bathwater” means “_____” in Chinese. 70. This passage mainly talks about _____ of making friends online. 第二节阅读短文,根据其内容完成文后的表格。 Trash collection is problem for Curitiba. First, the city has only one landfill. Second, its garbage trucks do not fit on some of the streets in the city's low- income（低收入）neighborhoods. Curitiba knew the solution lay in getting everyone involved（参加）. In 1989, the city started a recycling program called Garbage That Is Not Garbage. The city set up a central recycling center for sorting recyclable materials, food-based and waste. Colorful cartoon characters were symbols of different kinds of recyclable materials, which could help children get to know the importance of recycling. Collection bins were the same colors as the cartoons, reinforcing（加强） the message. People made money by picking up the trash at these bins and taking it to the center for processing. Today, Curitiba claims to have the highest recycling rate of any city in the world. Câmbio Verde, the Green Exchange program, and Compra do Lixo, the Buying of Garbage program, are successful recycling programs in Curitiba. They get low-income- residents（居民）to join in the city's recycling program by having them transport trash from neighborhoods that are hard for garbage trucks to reach. Depending on what they deliver, people exchange their trash for cash, food and services. Their way of life is improved, and the city is better able to manage its trash. These programs are one way Curitiba has gotten creative as a green city. It shows how involving everyone can make green living possible. Trading in on Trash Paragraph Main idea Supporting details One ___59___ ___ for Curitiba's trash collection problem ★There is only one landfill in Curitiba. ★___60___ cannot reach every corner of the city. Two Actions and influences of Garbage That Is Not Garbage ★A central recycling center ___61___ by the government. ★Kids understood the importance of recycling better. ★Curitiba's' recycling rate is pretty high. Three Cmbio Verde's and Compra do Lixo's ways of involving low-income residents ★They make low-income residents ___62___ from their neighborhoods to certain places. Four Results of recycling programs and conclusion ★People's way of life is improved. ★Curitiba can manage its trash better. ★Everyone ___63___ in making green living possible.

59. 第七大题 任务型阅读

_____

60. 第七大题 任务型阅读

_____

61. 第七大题 任务型阅读

_____

62. 第七大题 任务型阅读

_____

63. 第七大题 任务型阅读

_____

八、第八大题 写作（共 1 小题，每小题 15 分，共 15 分）

64.（15 分）

九、第一节 回答问题（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

65. What’ s your favorite food? _____

_____

66. How often do you exercise? _____

_____

67. How many hours do you sleep every night? _____

_____

68. How do you relax yourself in your daily life? _____

_____

69. What do you think of your living habits? _____

_____

十、第二节 书面表达（共 1 小题，每小题 15 分，共 15 分）

70.（词数 80-104 · 15 分）

—— 参考答案与逐题解析附于卷末 ——

参考答案

客观题速查表 + 主观题参考范文/译文；逐题解析附后

1. C	2. B	3. B	4. B	5. B
6. B	7. C	8. A	9. C	10. B
11. C	12. A	13. A	14. B	15. A
16. C	17. B	18. B	19. E	20. F
21. B	22. A	23. C	24. A	25. C
26. B	27. C	28. B	29. C	30. A
31. A	32. B	33. A	34. A	35. B
36. C	37. C	38. B	39. C	40. A
41. A	42. B	43. B	44. A	45. A
46. C	47. C	48. B	49. third	50. cars
51. completely	52. scientific	53. has	54. are thirsty for	55. pull together
56. a pair of	57. thousands of	58. such as	60. Garbage trucks	61. was set up
62. transport trash				

59. Reasons/The reasons/ Two reasons

63. makes a difference/ can play a role

64. Trash collection is problem for Curitiba. First, the city has only one landfill. Second, its garbage trucks do not fit on some of the streets in the city's low- income（

65. My favorite food is noodles.

66. I exercise three times a week.

67. I sleep eight hours every night.

68. I relax myself by listening to music.

69. I think my living habits are healthy.

70. Trash collection is problem for Curitiba. First, the city has only one landfill. Second, its garbage trucks do not fit on some of the streets in the city's low- income（

逐题解析

答案定位与考点精讲

1. 【答案】C

定位Bob的建议 → 识别建议对象（kids）与具体技能（writing skills） → 匹配选项C

考点：细节定位　建议内容识别

2. 【答案】B

定位Laura的写作主题 → 识别核心名词（inventions） → 匹配选项B

考点：细节定位　主题识别

3. 【答案】B

定位Kim对其最爱乐队音乐的描述 → 识别具体动作（sing along with） → 匹配选项B

考点：细节定位　动作描述识别

4. 【答案】B

综合对话中反复出现的关键词（如nature, environment） → 归纳核心话题 → 匹配选项B

考点：主旨归纳　关键词捕捉

5. 【答案】B

识别名词短语 'world-recognized sports star' → 判断其为可数名词单数且非特指 → 选择不定冠词 'a' 表示泛指

考点：不定冠词泛指用法　可数名词单数前需限定词

6. 【答案】B

识别时间状语 'January 25' → 判断为具体某一天 → 选择介词 'On' 与具体日期搭配

考点：介词与时间搭配　具体日期前用 'On'

7. 【答案】C

定位答语 'Orange' → 结合后句 'Half of my dresses are orange' → 推断问句询问的是颜色偏好

考点：语境推断　上下文信息关联

8. 【答案】A

分析句子结构 'go on ropeways _____ rivers' → 判断空格处为后置定语修饰 'ropeways' → 逻辑上 'ropeways' 是 'cross rivers' 的工具 → 选择不定式 'to cross' 表目的或用途

考点：非谓语动词作后置定语　不定式表目的/用途

9. 【答案】C

分析句子结构 → 识别先行词 national heroes 为人 → 判断定语从句关系代词 → 选择 who

考点：定语从句关系代词　先行词为人

10. 【答案】B

分析对话时态 → 识别主语 they 指代 tea leaves → 判断被动语态 → 选择 are sent

考点：一般现在时被动语态　主谓一致

11. 【答案】C
分析句子结构 → 识别 teach 的宾语指代前文 students → 选择 them
考点：代词指代一致　宾格代词

12. 【答案】A
分析句子主语 → 识别动名词短语 using public chopsticks 作主语 → 判断谓语动词单复数 → 选择 is
考点：主谓一致　动名词短语作主语

13. 【答案】A
识别感叹句结构 → 分析中心词 amazing 为形容词 → 判断使用 How 引导 → 选择 How
考点：感叹句型　How 与 What 的区别

14. 【答案】B
根据语境‘Drugs are harmful’推断青少年应‘远离’药物 → 识别固定搭配 keep away from → 得出答案
考点：动词搭配 keep away from　语境选词

15. 【答案】A
根据语境‘With the help of Air Classroom’和‘even with schools closed’推断学生‘能够’继续学习 → 识别表示能力的 can → 得出答案
考点：语境选词　情态动词辨析

16. 【答案】C
分析句子结构：explains 后接宾语从句 → 根据语境‘popular for centuries’推断从句解释原因 → 识别表示原因的 why → 得出答案
考点：名词性从句　语境选词

17. 【答案】B
定位时间状语 Since 1990 → 判断动作从过去持续到现在 → 识别现在完成时 has helped → 得出答案
考点：时态与语态　SVO 主干

18. 【答案】B
分析句子结构：our brain is _____ 作系表结构 → 根据语境‘interested in something’和‘easier...for a long time’推断大脑状态更活跃 → 识别比较级 more active → 得出答案
考点：SVO 主干　近义词辨析

19. 【答案】E
16. 识别祈使句（禁止行为） → 匹配表示道歉与承诺不再犯的回应 → 得出答案
17. 识别选择疑问句（询问体型） → 匹配直接描述体型的回应 → 得出答案
18. 识别陈述句（表达观点） → 匹配表示赞同的回应 → 得出答案
19. 识别特殊疑问句（询问材质） → 匹配直接回答材质的回应 → 得出答案
20. 识别陈述句（报告不幸事件） → 匹配表示同情/遗憾的回应 → 得出答案
考点：祈使句回应　道歉与承诺　选择疑问句　体型描述　观点陈述　表示赞同　特殊疑问句　材质描述　事件陈述　表示同情

20. 【答案】F

16. 识别祈使句（禁止行为） → 匹配表示道歉与承诺不再犯的回应 → 得出答案
17. 识别选择疑问句（询问体型） → 匹配直接描述体型的回应 → 得出答案
18. 识别陈述句（表达观点） → 匹配表示赞同的回应 → 得出答案
19. 识别特殊疑问句（询问材质） → 匹配直接回答材质的回应 → 得出答案
20. 识别陈述句（报告不幸事件） → 匹配表示同情/遗憾的回应 → 得出答案

考点：祈使句回应　道歉与承诺　选择疑问句　体型描述　观点陈述　表示赞同　特殊疑问句　材质描述　事件陈述　表示同情

21. 【答案】B

16. 识别祈使句（禁止行为） → 匹配表示道歉与承诺不再犯的回应 → 得出答案
17. 识别选择疑问句（询问体型） → 匹配直接描述体型的回应 → 得出答案
18. 识别陈述句（表达观点） → 匹配表示赞同的回应 → 得出答案
19. 识别特殊疑问句（询问材质） → 匹配直接回答材质的回应 → 得出答案
20. 识别陈述句（报告不幸事件） → 匹配表示同情/遗憾的回应 → 得出答案

考点：祈使句回应　道歉与承诺　选择疑问句　体型描述　观点陈述　表示赞同　特殊疑问句　材质描述　事件陈述　表示同情

22. 【答案】A

16. 识别祈使句（禁止行为） → 匹配表示道歉与承诺不再犯的回应 → 得出答案
17. 识别选择疑问句（询问体型） → 匹配直接描述体型的回应 → 得出答案
18. 识别陈述句（表达观点） → 匹配表示赞同的回应 → 得出答案
19. 识别特殊疑问句（询问材质） → 匹配直接回答材质的回应 → 得出答案
20. 识别陈述句（报告不幸事件） → 匹配表示同情/遗憾的回应 → 得出答案

考点：祈使句回应　道歉与承诺　选择疑问句　体型描述　观点陈述　表示赞同　特殊疑问句　材质描述　事件陈述　表示同情

23. 【答案】C

16. 识别祈使句（禁止行为） → 匹配表示道歉与承诺不再犯的回应 → 得出答案
17. 识别选择疑问句（询问体型） → 匹配直接描述体型的回应 → 得出答案
18. 识别陈述句（表达观点） → 匹配表示赞同的回应 → 得出答案
19. 识别特殊疑问句（询问材质） → 匹配直接回答材质的回应 → 得出答案
20. 识别陈述句（报告不幸事件） → 匹配表示同情/遗憾的回应 → 得出答案

考点：祈使句回应　道歉与承诺　选择疑问句　体型描述　观点陈述　表示赞同　特殊疑问句　材质描述　事件陈述　表示同情

24. 【答案】A

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to

university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母→选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词→分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持）→选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金）→辨析动词与宾语搭配→选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲）→辨析动词与情感表达的搭配→选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house）→结合语境（刚搬到附近）→选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系）→辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配→选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her→推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致→得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university→结合前文 teachers noticed his talent→推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极→得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby→结合前文 sitting in my front yard→推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作→得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university→结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships→推断此处指经济上无法负担→得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...'→结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university→推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果→得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

25. 【答案】C
26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知→选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师→选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安→选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视→选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母→选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词→分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持）→选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金）→辨析动词与宾语搭配→选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲）→辨析动词与情感表达的搭配→选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house）→结合语境（刚搬到附近）→选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系）→辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配→选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her→推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致→得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university→结合前文 teachers noticed his talent→推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极→得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby→结合前文 sitting in my front yard→推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作→得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university→结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships→推断此处指经济上无法负担→得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...'→结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university→推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果→得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

26. 【答案】B

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’

27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’

28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’

29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’

30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’

31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词

32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词

33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词

34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词

35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词

36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案

37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案

38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案

39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案

40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

27. 【答案】C

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’

27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’

28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’

29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’

30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’

31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词

32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词

33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词

34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

28. 【答案】B

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

29. 【答案】C

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’

27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’

28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’

29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’

30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’

31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词

32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词

33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词

34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词

35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词

36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案

37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案

38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案

39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案

40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

30. 【答案】A

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’

27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’

28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’

29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’

30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’

31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词

32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词

33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词

34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词

35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词

36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

31. 【答案】A

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案
考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

32. 【答案】B

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推

断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

33. 【答案】A
26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案

38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案
考点：语境选词 上下文逻辑推断 细节推断 情感逻辑推断 结果推断 指代与逻辑推断 状语从句连词 逻辑衔接词 近义词辨析 固定搭配 情感色彩一致性 人物关系与建议内容 动作与场景匹配 因果逻辑推理 动作与信息获取

34. 【答案】A
26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案
考点：语境选词 上下文逻辑推断 细节推断 情感逻辑推断 结果推断 指代与逻辑推断 状语从句连词 逻辑衔接词 近义词辨析 固定搭配 情感色彩一致性 人物关系与建议内容 动作与场景匹配 因果逻辑推理 动作与信息获取

35. 【答案】B
26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 →

选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

36. 【答案】C
26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’
27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’
28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’
29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’
30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’
31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词
32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案

40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

37. 【答案】C

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’

27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’

28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’

29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’

30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’

31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词

32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词

33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词

34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词

35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词

36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案

37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案

38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案

39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案

40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

38. 【答案】B

26 空 根据上文‘letter from the university’和下文‘accepted to the university on a full scholarship’推断，信中包含的是关于未来的录取通知 → 选择‘future’

27 空 根据下文‘took his toys apart and put them back together’以及‘put the television back together’推断，他动手能力强，想成为工程师 → 选择‘engineer’

28 空 根据下文‘taken apart the television’这一出乎意料且可能带来麻烦的行为，推断母亲的反应是惊讶或不安 → 选择‘upset’

29 空 根据上文‘put the television back together’和‘have faith in Wang Wei’推断，他成功地修好了电视 → 选择‘perfectly’

30 空 根据下文‘Wang Wei should go to university’以及‘No one in Wang Wei’s family had ever gone to university before’推断，老师们是告诉他的父母 → 选择‘parents’

31 空 定位转折信号词 → 分析前后句逻辑关系（妈妈不确定 vs 爸爸支持） → 选择表转折的连词

32 空 定位上下文线索（家庭经济状况、申请奖学金） → 辨析动词与宾语搭配 → 选择表示“负担得起”的动词
33 空 定位情感线索（妈妈含泪、骄傲） → 辨析动词与情感表达的搭配 → 选择表示“拥抱”的动词
34 空 定位固定搭配（move into a house） → 结合语境（刚搬到附近） → 选择表示“搬家”的动词
35 空 定位上下文线索（一见如故、终身关系） → 辨析名词与“lifelong”搭配 → 选择表示“朋友”的名词
36 空 定位空格前句 Her smile made me feel better just being around her → 推断其面部表情应与积极情绪一致 → 得出答案
37 空 定位空格所在句 They told his ___30___ Wang Wei should go to university → 结合前文 teachers noticed his talent → 推断此处应为对父母的建议，且建议内容积极 → 得出答案
38 空 定位空格所在句 She had just ___34___ into a small house nearby → 结合前文 sitting in my front yard → 推断此处描述的是搬入新居的动作 → 得出答案
39 空 定位空格所在句 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t ___32___ university → 结合后文 So he studied harder and applied for the scholarships → 推断此处指经济上无法负担 → 得出答案
40 空 定位空格所在句 It says, 'Congratulations. You have been accepted to the university...' → 结合前文 Wang Wei knew his family couldn’t afford university → 推断此处指他“得知”或“了解到”这一结果 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑推断　细节推断　情感逻辑推断　结果推断　指代与逻辑推断　状语从句连词　逻辑衔接词　近义词辨析　固定搭配　情感色彩一致性　人物关系与建议内容　动作与场景匹配　因果逻辑推理　动作与信息获取

39. 【答案】C

通读标题与全文 → 识别核心主题（种植土豆） → 归类至学科领域

考点：主旨大意　学科归类

40. 【答案】A

定位“Things prepared”列表 → 计数项目（土豆、花盆、相机） → 得出答案

考点：细节定位　信息计数

41. 【答案】A

定位描述进展时的情感词汇（如exciting） → 匹配选项 → 得出答案

考点：观点态度　情感词汇识别

42. 【答案】B

逐项比对选项与语篇细节 → 验证A（前六天无变化）、C（未收获）与原文相悖 → 确认B（需水）与原文一致

考点：细节定位　事实核查

43. 【答案】B

定位“What I have learned”部分 → 提取核心感悟（需要时间、努力和耐心） → 匹配谚语含义

考点：推理判断　观点态度　谚语理解

44. 【答案】A

通读全文 → 识别文体（实验报告）与核心内容（种植土豆） → 匹配标题

考点：主旨大意　文体识别

45. 【答案】A

定位划线词 → 分析其所在句的语法结构与指代对象 → 确认指代物

考点：指代与衔接　代词指代

46. 【答案】C

通读全文 → 识别核心信息（种植土豆的实验报告） → 对比选项与语篇内容 → 排除无关项

考点：推理判断　信息匹配

47. 【答案】C

分析文章结构（实验报告+学习感悟） → 识别写作目的（介绍种植过程与收获） → 匹配选项

考点：篇章结构与写作目的　写作意图

48. 【答案】B

分析文章体裁（实验报告）与内容特征（观察记录、学习总结） → 推断可能的发表载体

考点：谋篇布局　文体与载体推断

49. 【答案】third

识别序数词考点 → 根据基数词three确定序数词形式 → 得出答案

考点：序数词构成

50. 【答案】cars

识别名词单复数考点 → 根据谓语are确定主语为复数 → 得出答案

考点：名词复数

51. 【答案】completely

识别词性转换考点 → 根据修饰形容词shocked确定需要副词 → 得出答案

考点：形容词变副词

52. 【答案】scientific

识别词性转换考点 → 根据修饰名词studies确定需要形容词 → 得出答案

考点：名词变形容词

53. 【答案】has

识别主谓一致考点 → 分析主语Beijing Opera为单数概念 → 得出答案

考点：主谓一致

54. 【答案】are thirsty for

根据主语students和谓语are，结合语境“knowledge”和“hard-working”，推断需要表示“渴望知识”的固定搭配

考点：be thirsty for　固定搭配

55. 【答案】pull together

根据条件状语从句if we _____和主句“can do much better”，推断需要表示“团结一致”的动词短语

考点：pull together　固定搭配

56. 【答案】a pair of

根据宾语“black shoes”和动词“bought”，推断需要表示“一双”的量词短语

考点：a pair of　固定搭配

57. 【答案】thousands of

根据主语“Giant pandas”和谓语“are seen”，结合语境“every year”，推断需要表示“成千上万”的数量短语

考点：thousands of 固定搭配

58. 【答案】such as

根据前文“Exercise”和后文“playing sports”，推断需要表示举例的连接词

考点：such as 固定搭配

59. 【答案】Reasons/The reasons/ Two reasons

71 空 分析句子主干 → 判断主语为复数名词 → 确定谓语动词形式 → 选择复数名词短语作主语
72 空 定位句子主语 → 根据谓语动词take on的搭配要求 → 选择能执行该动作的施事者
73 空 分析句子时间状语 → 判断动作发生在过去 → 确定被动语态 → 选择过去时被动语态形式
74 空 分析句子结构 → 识别不定式作目的状语 → 根据前文语境确定具体动作 → 选择动词短语
75 空 分析句子逻辑关系 → 识别转折或递进关系 → 根据语境选择表示影响或作用的动词短语 → 进行同义替换

考点：主谓一致 SVO主干 语境选词 动词搭配take on 时态与语态 非谓语动词 近义词辨析

60. 【答案】Garbage trucks

71 空 分析句子主干 → 判断主语为复数名词 → 确定谓语动词形式 → 选择复数名词短语作主语
72 空 定位句子主语 → 根据谓语动词take on的搭配要求 → 选择能执行该动作的施事者
73 空 分析句子时间状语 → 判断动作发生在过去 → 确定被动语态 → 选择过去时被动语态形式
74 空 分析句子结构 → 识别不定式作目的状语 → 根据前文语境确定具体动作 → 选择动词短语
75 空 分析句子逻辑关系 → 识别转折或递进关系 → 根据语境选择表示影响或作用的动词短语 → 进行同义替换

考点：主谓一致 SVO主干 语境选词 动词搭配take on 时态与语态 非谓语动词 近义词辨析

61. 【答案】was set up

71 空 分析句子主干 → 判断主语为复数名词 → 确定谓语动词形式 → 选择复数名词短语作主语
72 空 定位句子主语 → 根据谓语动词take on的搭配要求 → 选择能执行该动作的施事者
73 空 分析句子时间状语 → 判断动作发生在过去 → 确定被动语态 → 选择过去时被动语态形式
74 空 分析句子结构 → 识别不定式作目的状语 → 根据前文语境确定具体动作 → 选择动词短语
75 空 分析句子逻辑关系 → 识别转折或递进关系 → 根据语境选择表示影响或作用的动词短语 → 进行同义替换

考点：主谓一致 SVO主干 语境选词 动词搭配take on 时态与语态 非谓语动词 近义词辨析

62. 【答案】transport trash

71 空 分析句子主干 → 判断主语为复数名词 → 确定谓语动词形式 → 选择复数名词短语作主语
72 空 定位句子主语 → 根据谓语动词take on的搭配要求 → 选择能执行该动作的施事者
73 空 分析句子时间状语 → 判断动作发生在过去 → 确定被动语态 → 选择过去时被动语态形式
74 空 分析句子结构 → 识别不定式作目的状语 → 根据前文语境确定具体动作 → 选择动词短语
75 空 分析句子逻辑关系 → 识别转折或递进关系 → 根据语境选择表示影响或作用的动词短语 → 进行同义替换

考点：主谓一致 SVO主干 语境选词 动词搭配take on 时态与语态 非谓语动词 近义词辨析

63. 【答案】makes a difference/ can play a role

71 空 分析句子主干 → 判断主语为复数名词 → 确定谓语动词形式 → 选择复数名词短语作主语
72 空 定位句子主语 → 根据谓语动词take on的搭配要求 → 选择能执行该动作的施事者
73 空 分析句子时间状语 → 判断动作发生在过去 → 确定被动语态 → 选择过去时被动语态形式
74 空 分析句子结构 → 识别不定式作目的状语 → 根据前文语境确定具体动作 → 选择动词短语
75 空 分析句子逻辑关系 → 识别转折或递进关系 → 根据语境选择表示影响或作用的动词短语 → 进行同义替换

考点：主谓一致　SVO主干　语境选词　动词搭配take on　时态与语态　非谓语动词　近义词辨析

64. 【答案】Trash collection is problem for Curitiba.…

围绕'良好生活习惯'主题，运用多样句式（如定语从句、非谓语结构）和固定搭配（如take on）构建连贯段落，体现观点阐述与逻辑衔接。

考点：take on responsibility　定语从句修饰　非谓语动词作状语　句式变化与复杂句构建

65. 【答案】My favorite food is noodles.

识别特殊疑问句 → 构建符合SVO主干结构的完整陈述句回答 → 得出答案

考点：SVO主干结构　特殊疑问句应答

66. 【答案】I exercise three times a week.

识别特殊疑问句 → 构建符合SVO主干结构的完整陈述句回答 → 得出答案

考点：SVO主干结构　特殊疑问句应答

67. 【答案】I sleep eight hours every night.

识别特殊疑问句 → 构建符合SVO主干结构的完整陈述句回答 → 得出答案

考点：SVO主干结构　特殊疑问句应答

68. 【答案】I relax myself by listening to music.

识别特殊疑问句 → 构建符合SVO主干结构的完整陈述句回答 → 运用介词by+动名词结构表达方式 → 得出答案

考点：SVO主干结构　特殊疑问句应答　by+动名词结构

69. 【答案】I think my living habits are healthy.

识别特殊疑问句 → 构建符合SVO主干结构的完整陈述句回答 → 得出答案

考点：SVO主干结构　特殊疑问句应答

70. 【答案】Trash collection is problem for Curitiba.…

根据题目要求补全标题，围绕五个指定问题组织内容，并重点阐述良好生活习惯的积极影响，需运用多种句式和篇章结构进行连贯表达。

考点：补全标题　信息点覆盖　重点阐述　句式变化　篇章结构