中考 · 2020年湖北省十堰市中考英语真题

历年真题

满分 88 分 · 时长 120 分钟 · 共 40 题 · 湖北省十堰市

姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 得分：_____

手机在线做此卷
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本卷答案与讲解
187 623
yingyu8.cn/an/187623

一、第一节 单项选择（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

1. —We have _____ unusual Senior High School Entrance Examination this year. —Yes. It’ s one month later than before.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

2. —What's your favorite _____? —Journey to the West. The monkey King can make 72 changes to his shape and size.

A. color B. book C. food D. bag

3. —We are in times of difficulty at present. —As long as we pull together, success must belong to _____. A us

A. we B. our C. ours

4. —_____ you please take the dog for work? —OK, but I have to fold the clothes first.

A. Must B. Should C. Could D. May

5. —What would you like, juice or coffee? —_____. I just want a glass of water.

A. Both B. Neither C. Either D. None

6. —Super brain is a hit TV show recently. Which competitor do you like best? —I think Zhao Jinhao is one of _____ competitors among them.

A. smart B. smarter C. smartest D. the smartest

7. —Is Li Mei a teacher? —Yes, she is. She _____ at a village school.

A. teaches B. is teaching C. taught D. will teach

8. —I called you yesterday afternoon, but you didn't pick up. —Sorry. I _____ an online class at that time.

A. take B. took C. is taking D. was taking

9. —The last Beidou GEO-3 _____ into space successfully on June 23, 2020. —As Chinese, we feel proud of it.

A. sends B. sent C. is sent D. was sent

10. —I can't hear clearly. Please _____ the radio a little. —Just one minute. I'll do it right away.

A. turn on B. turn off C. turn up D. turn down

11. —Can you tell me _____? —Sure. He lives on ⋯.

A. what his job is B. what does he do C. where he lives D. where does he live

12. —We teenagers should look up to the people _____ have made great achievements to our country, like Yuan Longping. —I think so.

A. who B. what C. which D. whose

13. —Hi, Wu Lei. We haven’t seen each other for a long time. —_____.

A. Good luck B. That’s great

C. Best wishes D. Nice to see you again

14. —I wish you can get good grades this time! —_____.

A. Thank you. B. Don't say so. C. I'm afraid not. D. Yes, you are right.

二、第二节 完形填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1.5 分，共 22.5 分）

Five years ago, my father and I had a serious disagreement. But we haven't ___15___ it since then. We avoid seeing each other ___16___ we had to at Christmas or other family gatherings. But even then, we hardly spoke to each other. So last Tuesday, when I got home, I ___17___ myself I was going to tell my father I loved him. It's strange, but just making that ___18___ seemed to lift a heavy storm off my chest. I was so ___19___ that I could hardly sleep during the night. The next morning I went to ___20___ early. At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask ___21___ I could come over after work. He ___22___. At 5:___23___ in the afternoon I was at my parents' house ringing the ___24___, praying that dad would ___25___ the door. I was afraid if mum answered that I would ___26___ and tell her ___27___. Luckily, Dad did answer the door. I didn't ___28___ any time—I took one step in the door and said, "Dad, I just came over to tell you that I love you." Believe it or not, it seemed like a magic. Before my eyes, my father's face softened, the wrinkles (皱纹) seemed to ___29___ and he began to cry. He hugged me and said excitedly, "I LOVE YOU too, my dear son, but I've ___23___ been able to say it." Seeing this unforgettable sight, Mom walked by with tears in her eyes. So my message to all of you is this: Don't wait to do the things you know need to be done. What if I had waited to tell my dad?

15. A. remembered B. reached C. got D. solved

16. A. unless B. while C. as D. when

17. A. warned B. said C. told D. spoke
18. A. information B. decision C. instruction D. mistake
19. A. embarrassed B. moved C. surprised D. excited
20. A. museum B. market C. work D. sleep
21. A. what B. how C. whether D. why
22. A. disliked B. refused C. expected D. agreed
23. A. phone B. doorbell C. website D. car
24. A. answer B. reply C. leave D. shut
25. A. set up B. give up C. take up D. put up
26. A. instead B. rather C. yet D. still
27. A. take B. waste C. save D. spend
28. A. smile B. appear C. dance D. disappear
29. A. ever B. hardly C. never D. seldom

三、第一节 选词填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

30. May is the _____ month of a year.

_____

31. We are so _____ for all the support we received.

_____

32. Sam has to _____ his little sister while his mom is away.

_____

33. Don't argue with your parents. They _____ care about you.

_____

34. Tea is the most important drink in the world. It is an accidental _____. 第二节 补全句子 根据汉语提示补全英文句子，使句子意思通顺、正确。每空词数不限。

_____

35. 你们多久上一次劳动课? _____ do you have a label class?

_____

36. 李梅很勤奋，她习惯于晨读。 Li Mei is hard-working and she _____ morning reading.

_____

37. 他去过子胥湖很多次。 He _____ to Zixu Lake many times.

_____

38. 如果你不戴口罩，就不允许上公交车。 If you _____ a mask, you will not be allowed to get on the bus.

_____

39. 这群年轻人对知识充满渴望。 This group of young men _____ knowledge.

_____

四、第三节 初级写作（共 1 小题，每小题 27.5 分，共 27.5 分）

40.（27.5 分）

—— 参考答案与逐题解析附于卷末 ——

参考答案

客观题速查表 + 主观题参考范文/译文；逐题解析附后

1. B	2. B	3. A	4. C	5. B
6. D	7. A	8. D	9. D	10. C
11. C	12. A	13. D	14. A	15. D
16. A	17. C	18. B	19. D	20. C
21. C	22. D	23. B	24. A	25. B
26. A	27. B	28. D	29. C	30. fifth
31. thankful	32. look after	33. truly	34. invention	35. How often
36. is used to	37. has been	38. don't wear	39. are thirsty for	

40. 参考词汇： roadside the standard 地摊 Renmin Square n. 人民广场 experience v.& n. 体验, 经历 meaningful adj. 有意义的 要求： 1. 必须包含所给的全部的要点及内容, 可适当发挥。 2. 文中不能出现真实姓名和学校名。 3. 词数80至100。开头已给出, 不计入总词数。 Fellow students, This year due to the impact of COVID-19 outbreak, many people have to stay at home and can't go outside to work to earn a living. Roadside Stands have sprung up in many big cities. _____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____ 【答案】Follow students, This year, due to the inspact of COVID-19 outbreak, many people have to stay at home and can't go outside to work to earn a living. Roadside Stands have sprung up in many big cities. This Sunday evening our class plans to experience this activity. Here is the information you need to know. The activity will last for two hours. We'd better arrive at Renmin Square at 7 p.m. We will sell different kinds of things such as newspapers and drinks. We can also sell some old things including books, toys and bikes. Besides, if you are good at DIY, I think cakes and cards made by hand will be popular. As for the money we get, I suggest that we can give it away to the people in need. Hope you can take an active part in it. Through the activity, we can not only get some social experience but also spend a meaningful night. 【解析】 【详解】1.题干解读：该题属于材料写作。要求以李华的身份，在班会上代表老师用英语通知学生参加一次摆地摊的体验活动。写作时注意问题信息要写齐全。 2.例文点评：例文采用三段式，第一大段总体说班级要组织地摊体验活动；第二大段陈述组织地摊体验活动的时间及具体要求；第三大段陈述从这次活动中的收获及想法。本文结构清晰，段落分明。用第一人称来进行写作分析，时态主要以一般现在时为主。 3.高分亮点： 短语：stay at home，earn a living，had better do sth，different kinds of，be good at，give away，take an active part in，not only…but also…。 句型：1.现在完成时 Roadside Stands have sprung up in many big cities. 2. 条件状语从句 Besides, if you are good at DIY, I think cakes and cards made by hand will be popular. 3.宾语从句 I suggest that we can give it away to the people in need.

逐题解析

答案定位与考点精讲

1. 【答案】B

根据语境判断名词前冠词 → 分析名词首音素 → 选择不定冠词

考点：不定冠词a/an的用法　元音音素开头的单词前用an

2. 【答案】B

根据答语内容推断问句询问的类别 → 匹配选项中的名词

考点：语境推断　名词词义辨析

3. 【答案】A

分析句子成分 → 判断代词在句中的语法功能 → 选择正确形式

考点：人称代词宾格用法　介词后接宾格代词

4. 【答案】C

识别礼貌请求句型 → 分析情态动词用法 → 选择最合适的选项

考点：could表示礼貌请求　情态动词用法辨析

5. 【答案】B

根据答句 'I just want a glass of water' 推断，说话者既不想要果汁也不想要咖啡 → 选择表示两者都不的不定代词 → Neither

考点：不定代词 neither 的用法

6. 【答案】D

识别 'among them' 表示在特定群体中比较 → 最高级前需加定冠词 the → 选择 the smartest

考点：最高级的构成与定冠词搭配

7. 【答案】A

答句 'Yes, she is' 确认她是教师 → 描述客观职业身份 → 使用一般现在时

考点：一般现在时表示职业/习惯

8. 【答案】D

识别 'at that time' 为过去进行时标志词 → 表示过去某时刻正在进行的动作 → 选择 was taking

考点：过去进行时的用法与时间标志词

9. 【答案】D

识别 'on June 23, 2020' 为过去时间 → 卫星发射是被动行为 → 使用一般过去时的被动语态

考点：一般过去时被动语态

10. 【答案】C

根据语境“听不清”推断需要调高音量 → 匹配动词短语 turn up → 得出答案

考点：动词短语 turn up 的语境义

11. 【答案】C

分析答句“He lives on...”确定问句询问地点 → 排除询问职业的选项 → 在剩余选项中选择陈述语序的宾语从句 → 得出答案

考点：宾语从句的语序　特殊疑问词的选择

12. 【答案】A

分析先行词“the people”指人 → 在定语从句中作主语 → 选择关系代词 who → 得出答案

考点：定语从句关系代词的选择

13. 【答案】D

根据语境“好久不见”推断应使用问候语 → 匹配“Nice to see you again” → 得出答案

考点：日常交际用语的得体性

14. 【答案】A

根据语境“祝愿取得好成绩”推断应使用感谢语 → 匹配“Thank you.” → 得出答案

考点：日常交际用语的得体性

15. 【答案】D

16 空 定位前文'serious disagreement' → 识别'solve a disagreement'固定搭配 → 得出答案

17 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句'避免见面'与后句'不得不在圣诞节见面'构成条件例外 → 识别unless引导条件状语从句 → 得出答案

18 空 定位后文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'tell oneself'固定表达'告诉自己/下定决心' → 得出答案

19 空 定位前文'making that ___' → 回溯上文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'make a decision'固定搭配 → 得出答案

20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited 符合语境 → 得出答案

21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。

22 空 分析‘ask ___ I could come over’的从句结构，从句‘I could come over’是完整的主谓宾结构，需要连接词引导宾语从句并表达‘是否’的含义。

23 空 根据下文‘At 5:30 in the afternoon I was at my parents' house’推断，父亲对‘我’的请求给予了肯定的回应，因此‘agreed’（同意）符合语境。

24 空 根据固定搭配‘ring the doorbell’（按门铃）以及下文‘praying that dad would... the door’（祈祷爸爸会...门）推断，此处应为按门铃。

25 空 根据固定搭配‘answer the door’（应门）以及上文‘ringing the doorbell’（按门铃）推断，此处应为‘answer’。

26 空 根据前文'serious disagreement'和后文'avoid seeing each other'的语境，推断出父子关系破裂后未解决矛盾 → 识别'have not + 过去分词'结构，需填入表示'解决、处理'的动词 → 辨析短语动词，'give up'在此语境下意为'放弃（争执、怨恨）'，符合语境

27 空 分析句子结构：'We avoid seeing each other ___ we had to at Christmas...' → 空格处需连接两个动作，表示'在不得不见面的时候，我们选择___见面' → 辨析副词，'instead'（相反，取而代之）表示在特定条件下采取替代行动，符合'避免见面，只在必要时才见面'的逻辑

28 空 根据后文'I took one step in the door and said...'的紧迫行动，推断前文需表达'不浪费时间' → 辨析动词，'waste time'是固定搭配，意为'浪费时间'，符合语境

29 空 根据前文'father's face softened'和后文'he began to cry'的情感变化，推断皱纹的变化方向 → 辨析动

词，'disappear'（消失）表示皱纹因情绪放松而变淡，符合'脸变柔和'的语境
30 空 根据前文'he began to cry'和后文'I LOVE YOU too'的情感爆发，推断父亲长期压抑情感 → 辨析副词，'never'（从未）表示'从未能够说出口'，符合'长期压抑后终于表达'的语境

考点：动词搭配 solve a disagreement　unless引导条件状语从句　逻辑关系：例外条件　tell oneself 固定表达　语境：下定决心做某事　make a decision 固定搭配　指代衔接：that指代前文的决定　情感形容词辨析　语境推理：激动导致失眠　语境选词　上下文逻辑　名词性从句　连接词辨析　固定搭配　动词搭配 give up　近义词辨析

16. 【答案】A

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19 空 定位前文'making that ___' → 回溯上文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'make a decision'固定搭配 → 得出答案
20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited符合语境 → 得出答案
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27 空 分析句子结构：'We avoid seeing each other ___ we had to at Christmas...' → 空格处需连接两个动作，表示'在不得不见面的时候，我们选择___见面' → 辨析副词，'instead'（相反，取而代之）表示在特定条件下采取替代行动，符合'避免见面，只在必要时才见面'的逻辑

28 空 根据后文'I took one step in the door and said...'的紧迫行动，推断前文需表达'不浪费时间' → 辨析动词，'waste time'是固定搭配，意为'浪费时间'，符合语境

29 空 根据前文'father's face softened'和后文'he began to cry'的情感变化，推断皱纹的变化方向 → 辨析动词，'disappear'（消失）表示皱纹因情绪放松而变淡，符合'脸变柔和'的语境

30 空 根据前文'he began to cry'和后文'I LOVE YOU too'的情感爆发，推断父亲长期压抑情感 → 辨析副词，'never'（从未）表示'从未能够说出口'，符合'长期压抑后终于表达'的语境

考点：动词搭配 solve a disagreement　unless引导条件状语从句　逻辑关系：例外条件　tell oneself 固定表达　语境：下定决心做某事　make a decision 固定搭配　指代衔接：that指代前文的决定　情感形容词辨析　语境推理：激动导致失眠　语境选词　上下文逻辑　名词性从句　连接词辨析　固定搭配　动词搭配 give up　近义词辨析

18. 【答案】B

16 空 定位前文'serious disagreement' → 识别'solve a disagreement'固定搭配 → 得出答案

17 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句'避免见面'与后句'不得不在圣诞节见面'构成条件例外 → 识别unless引导条件状语从句 → 得出答案

18 空 定位后文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'tell oneself'固定表达'告诉自己/下定决心' → 得出答案

19 空 定位前文'making that ___' → 回溯上文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'make a decision'固定搭配 → 得出答案

20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited

符合语境 → 得出答案
21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。
22 空 分析‘ask ___ I could come over’的从句结构，从句‘I could come over’是完整的主谓宾结构，需要连接词引导宾语从句并表达‘是否’的含义。
23 空 根据下文‘At 5:30 in the afternoon I was at my parents' house’推断，父亲对‘我’的请求给予了肯定的回应，因此‘agreed’（同意）符合语境。
24 空 根据固定搭配‘ring the doorbell’（按门铃）以及下文‘praying that dad would... the door’（祈祷爸爸会...门）推断，此处应为按门铃。
25 空 根据固定搭配‘answer the door’（应门）以及上文‘ringing the doorbell’（按门铃）推断，此处应为‘answer’。
26 空 根据前文'serious disagreement'和后文'avoid seeing each other'的语境，推断出父子关系破裂后未解决矛盾 → 识别'have not + 过去分词'结构，需填入表示'解决、处理'的动词 → 辨析短语动词，'give up'在此语境下意为'放弃（争执、怨恨）'，符合语境
27 空 分析句子结构：'We avoid seeing each other ___ we had to at Christmas...' → 空格处需连接两个动作，表示'在不得不见面的时候，我们选择___见面' → 辨析副词，'instead'（相反，取而代之）表示在特定条件下采取替代行动，符合'避免见面，只在必要时才见面'的逻辑
28 空 根据后文'I took one step in the door and said...'的紧迫行动，推断前文需表达'不浪费时间' → 辨析动词，'waste time'是固定搭配，意为'浪费时间'，符合语境
29 空 根据前文'father's face softened'和后文'he began to cry'的情感变化，推断皱纹的变化方向 → 辨析动词，'disappear'（消失）表示皱纹因情绪放松而变淡，符合'脸变柔和'的语境
30 空 根据前文'he began to cry'和后文'I LOVE YOU too'的情感爆发，推断父亲长期压抑情感 → 辨析副词，'never'（从未）表示'从未能够说出口'，符合'长期压抑后终于表达'的语境

考点：动词搭配 solve a disagreement　unless引导条件状语从句　逻辑关系：例外条件　tell oneself 固定表达　语境：下定决心做某事　make a decision 固定搭配　指代衔接：that指代前文的决定　情感形容词辨析　语境推理：激动导致失眠　语境选词　上下文逻辑　名词性从句　连接词辨析　固定搭配　动词搭配 give up　近义词辨析

19. 【答案】D
16 空 定位前文'serious disagreement' → 识别'solve a disagreement'固定搭配 → 得出答案
17 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句'避免见面'与后句'不得不在圣诞节见面'构成条件例外 → 识别unless引导条件状语从句 → 得出答案
18 空 定位后文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'tell oneself'固定表达'告诉自己/下定决心' → 得出答案
19 空 定位前文'making that ___' → 回溯上文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'make a decision'固定搭配 → 得出答案
20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited 符合语境 → 得出答案
21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。
22 空 分析‘ask ___ I could come over’的从句结构，从句‘I could come over’是完整的主谓宾结构，需要连接词引导宾语从句并表达‘是否’的含义。
23 空 根据下文‘At 5:30 in the afternoon I was at my parents' house’推断，父亲对‘我’的请求给予了肯定的回应，因此‘agreed’（同意）符合语境。
24 空 根据固定搭配‘ring the doorbell’（按门铃）以及下文‘praying that dad would... the door’（祈祷爸爸会...门）推断，此处应为按门铃。

25 空 根据固定搭配‘answer the door’（应门）以及上文‘ringing the doorbell’（按门铃）推断，此处应为‘answer’。
26 空 根据前文'serious disagreement'和后文'avoid seeing each other'的语境，推断出父子关系破裂后未解决矛盾 → 识别'have not + 过去分词'结构，需填入表示'解决、处理'的动词 → 辨析短语动词，'give up'在此语境下意为'放弃（争执、怨恨）'，符合语境
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28 空 根据后文'I took one step in the door and said...'的紧迫行动，推断前文需表达'不浪费时间' → 辨析动词，'waste time'是固定搭配，意为'浪费时间'，符合语境
29 空 根据前文'father's face softened'和后文'he began to cry'的情感变化，推断皱纹的变化方向 → 辨析动词，'disappear'（消失）表示皱纹因情绪放松而变淡，符合'脸变柔和'的语境
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考点：动词搭配 solve a disagreement　unless引导条件状语从句　逻辑关系：例外条件　tell oneself 固定表达　语境：下定决心做某事　make a decision 固定搭配　指代衔接：that指代前文的决定　情感形容词辨析　语境推理：激动导致失眠　语境选词　上下文逻辑　名词性从句　连接词辨析　固定搭配　动词搭配 give up　近义词辨析

20. 【答案】C
16 空 定位前文'serious disagreement' → 识别'solve a disagreement'固定搭配 → 得出答案
17 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句'避免见面'与后句'不得不在圣诞节见面'构成条件例外 → 识别unless引导条件状语从句 → 得出答案
18 空 定位后文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'tell oneself'固定表达'告诉自己/下定决心' → 得出答案
19 空 定位前文'making that ___' → 回溯上文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'make a decision'固定搭配 → 得出答案
20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited符合语境 → 得出答案
21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。
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28 空 根据后文'I took one step in the door and said...'的紧迫行动，推断前文需表达'不浪费时间' → 辨析动

词，'waste time'是固定搭配，意为'浪费时间'，符合语境
29 空 根据前文'father's face softened'和后文'he began to cry'的情感变化，推断皱纹的变化方向 → 辨析动词，'disappear'（消失）表示皱纹因情绪放松而变淡，符合'脸变柔和'的语境
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考点：动词搭配 solve a disagreement　unless引导条件状语从句　逻辑关系：例外条件　tell oneself 固定表达　语境：下定决心做某事　make a decision 固定搭配　指代衔接：that指代前文的决定　情感形容词辨析　语境推理：激动导致失眠　语境选词　上下文逻辑　名词性从句　连接词辨析　固定搭配　动词搭配 give up　近义词辨析

21. 【答案】C
16 空 定位前文'serious disagreement' → 识别'solve a disagreement'固定搭配 → 得出答案
17 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句'避免见面'与后句'不得不在圣诞节见面'构成条件例外 → 识别unless引导条件状语从句 → 得出答案
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20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited符合语境 → 得出答案
21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。
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29 空 根据前文'father's face softened'和后文'he began to cry'的情感变化，推断皱纹的变化方向 → 辨析动词，'disappear'（消失）表示皱纹因情绪放松而变淡，符合'脸变柔和'的语境
30 空 根据前文'he began to cry'和后文'I LOVE YOU too'的情感爆发，推断父亲长期压抑情感 → 辨析副词，'never'（从未）表示'从未能够说出口'，符合'长期压抑后终于表达'的语境

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22. 【答案】D

16 空 定位前文'serious disagreement' → 识别'solve a disagreement'固定搭配 → 得出答案

17 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句'避免见面'与后句'不得不在圣诞节见面'构成条件例外 → 识别unless引导条件状语从句 → 得出答案

18 空 定位后文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'tell oneself'固定表达'告诉自己/下定决心' → 得出答案

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20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited 符合语境 → 得出答案

21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。

22 空 分析‘ask ___ I could come over’的从句结构，从句‘I could come over’是完整的主谓宾结构，需要连接词引导宾语从句并表达‘是否’的含义。

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27 空 分析句子结构：'We avoid seeing each other ___ we had to at Christmas...' → 空格处需连接两个动作，表示'在不得不见面的时候，我们选择___见面' → 辨析副词，'instead'（相反，取而代之）表示在特定条件下采取替代行动，符合'避免见面，只在必要时才见面'的逻辑

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29 空 根据前文'father's face softened'和后文'he began to cry'的情感变化，推断皱纹的变化方向 → 辨析动词，'disappear'（消失）表示皱纹因情绪放松而变淡，符合'脸变柔和'的语境

30 空 根据前文'he began to cry'和后文'I LOVE YOU too'的情感爆发，推断父亲长期压抑情感 → 辨析副词，'never'（从未）表示'从未能够说出口'，符合'长期压抑后终于表达'的语境

考点：动词搭配 solve a disagreement　unless引导条件状语从句　逻辑关系：例外条件　tell oneself 固定表达　语境：下定决心做某事　make a decision 固定搭配　指代衔接：that指代前文的决定　情感形容词辨析　语境推理：激动导致失眠　语境选词　上下文逻辑　名词性从句　连接词辨析　固定搭配　动词搭配 give up　近义词辨析

23. 【答案】B

16 空 定位前文'serious disagreement' → 识别'solve a disagreement'固定搭配 → 得出答案

17 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句'避免见面'与后句'不得不在圣诞节见面'构成条件例外 → 识别unless引导条件状语从句 → 得出答案

18 空 定位后文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'tell oneself'固定表达'告诉自己/下定决心' → 得出答案

19 空 定位前文'making that ___' → 回溯上文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'make a decision'固定搭配 → 得出答案

20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited

符合语境 → 得出答案
21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。
22 空 分析‘ask ___ I could come over’的从句结构，从句‘I could come over’是完整的主谓宾结构，需要连接词引导宾语从句并表达‘是否’的含义。
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24 空 根据固定搭配‘ring the doorbell’（按门铃）以及下文‘praying that dad would... the door’（祈祷爸爸会...门）推断，此处应为按门铃。
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27. 【答案】B

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20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited 符合语境 → 得出答案

21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。

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28. 【答案】D

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24 空 根据固定搭配‘ring the doorbell’（按门铃）以及下文‘praying that dad would... the door’（祈祷爸爸会...门）推断，此处应为按门铃。
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26 空 根据前文'serious disagreement'和后文'avoid seeing each other'的语境，推断出父子关系破裂后未解决矛盾 → 识别'have not + 过去分词'结构，需填入表示'解决、处理'的动词 → 辨析短语动词，'give up'在此语境下意为'放弃（争执、怨恨）'，符合语境
27 空 分析句子结构：'We avoid seeing each other ___ we had to at Christmas...' → 空格处需连接两个动作，表示'在不得不见面的时候，我们选择___见面' → 辨析副词，'instead'（相反，取而代之）表示在特定条件下采取替代行动，符合'避免见面，只在必要时才见面'的逻辑
28 空 根据后文'I took one step in the door and said...'的紧迫行动，推断前文需表达'不浪费时间' → 辨析动词，'waste time'是固定搭配，意为'浪费时间'，符合语境
29 空 根据前文'father's face softened'和后文'he began to cry'的情感变化，推断皱纹的变化方向 → 辨析动词，'disappear'（消失）表示皱纹因情绪放松而变淡，符合'脸变柔和'的语境
30 空 根据前文'he began to cry'和后文'I LOVE YOU too'的情感爆发，推断父亲长期压抑情感 → 辨析副词，'never'（从未）表示'从未能够说出口'，符合'长期压抑后终于表达'的语境

考点：动词搭配 solve a disagreement　unless引导条件状语从句　逻辑关系：例外条件　tell oneself 固定表达　语境：下定决心做某事　make a decision 固定搭配　指代衔接：that指代前文的决定　情感形容词辨析　语境推理：激动导致失眠　语境选词　上下文逻辑　名词性从句　连接词辨析　固定搭配　动词搭配 give up　近义词辨析

29. 【答案】C
16 空 定位前文'serious disagreement' → 识别'solve a disagreement'固定搭配 → 得出答案
17 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句'避免见面'与后句'不得不在圣诞节见面'构成条件例外 → 识别unless引导条件状语从句 → 得出答案
18 空 定位后文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'tell oneself'固定表达'告诉自己/下定决心' → 得出答案
19 空 定位前文'making that ___' → 回溯上文'I was going to tell my father I loved him' → 识别'make a decision'固定搭配 → 得出答案
20 空 定位后文'could hardly sleep during the night' → 分析情感状态：因决定告诉父亲爱他而激动 → 识别excited 符合语境 → 得出答案
21 空 根据下文‘At 9:00 in the morning, I called my dad to ask... I could come over after work’推断，‘went to ___ early’应为去上班，与‘after work’形成时间逻辑链。
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考点：动词搭配 solve a disagreement　unless引导条件状语从句　逻辑关系：例外条件　tell oneself 固定表达　语境：下定决心做某事　make a decision 固定搭配　指代衔接：that指代前文的决定　情感形容词辨析　语境推理：激动导致失眠　语境选词　上下文逻辑　名词性从句　连接词辨析　固定搭配　动词搭配 give up　近义词辨析

30. 【答案】fifth

识别月份与序数词的固定搭配 → 五月是一年中的第五个月 → 选择序数词 fifth

考点：月份与序数词搭配

31. 【答案】thankful

分析语境‘for all the support we received’ → 表达对支持的感激 → 选择形容词 thankful

考点：语境选词　形容词搭配

32. 【答案】look after

识别‘has to + 动词原形’结构 → 语境‘while his mom is away’表示妈妈不在时需要照顾妹妹 → 选择固定搭配 look after

考点：动词搭配 look after　语境推理

33. 【答案】truly

分析语境‘Don‘t argue with your parents’ → 解释父母行为的本质 → 选择副词 truly 修饰动词 care

考点：语境选词　副词修饰动词

34. 【答案】invention

分析语境‘Tea is the most important drink’与‘accidental’ → 茶是一种偶然的‘发明’ → 选择名词 invention

考点：语境选词　名词搭配

35. 【答案】How often

根据中文提示“多久” → 对应英文疑问词组 → 得出答案

考点：疑问词组 how often

36. 【答案】is used to

根据中文提示“习惯于” → 识别固定搭配 be used to doing → 得出答案

考点：固定搭配 be used to

37. 【答案】has been

根据中文提示“去过”及时间状语“很多次” → 判断为现在完成时 → 得出答案

考点：现在完成时 have been

38. 【答案】don't wear

根据中文提示“如果不”及主句时态 will → 判断为 if 引导的条件状语从句，用一般现在时表将来 → 得出答案

考点：条件状语从句时态　一般现在时表将来

39. 【答案】are thirsty for

根据中文提示“对…充满渴望” → 识别固定搭配 be thirsty for → 根据主语 this group of young men 判断谓语动词形式 → 得出答案

考点：固定搭配 be thirsty for　主谓一致

40. 【答案】参考词汇： roadside the standard 地摊　…

考生需根据通知类写作要求，运用SVO主干结构组织信息，并通过句式变化（如并列、从句）将多个活动要点清晰、连贯地表达出来，同时注意使用take on等动词搭配。

考点：SVO主干结构　句式变化与复杂句构建　动词搭配 take on