# 中考 · 2020年辽宁省锦州市中考英语真题

历年真题

满分 27 分 · 时长 120 分钟 · 共 26 题 · 辽宁省锦州市

姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 得分：_____

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本卷答案与讲解
165 780
yingyu8.cn/an/165780

## 一、单项选择（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

1. The four routes(路线) all start from _____.
A. Xi’ an B. Jinan C. Beijing D. Zhengzhou

2. If Jack has an 8-day holiday, he can choose _____.
A. Golden 01 B. Golden 02 C. Golden 03 D. Golden 04

3. If you choose Golden 03, you can’ t visit _____.
A. Wuhan B. Lanzhou C. Xining D. Lhasa

4. If Tony and his parents want to choose Golden 04, they should pay _____.
A. ￥3,199 B. ￥5,097 C. ￥9,597 D. ￥5,697

5. You can’ t get more information by _____.
A. telephone B. email
C. visiting Sunshine Travel Agency D. visiting the agency’ s website Passage B

## 二、单项选择（共 11 小题，每小题 1 分，共 11 分）

6. Why did Randy make maps?
A. To look for more big trees. B. To show the positions of the big and old trees.
C. To cut trees down later. D. To help loggers.

7. The underlined word “survivor” means _____ in Chinese.
A. 受益者 B. 制造者 C. 控制者 D. 幸存者

8. What did the loggers want to do with Canada’ s tallest tree?

A. They wanted to take care of it.

B. They wanted to save it. C They wanted to cut it down.

C. They wanted to know its height.

9. Which of the following is NOT true?

A. Randy is from Canada.

B. The fire happened about 350 years ago.

C. Randy made a path in the forest

D. Canada’ s tallest tree is cut down now.

10. What happened to the forest according to the passage?

A. It has disappeared.

B. It became a park.

C. It was not famous anymore.

D. The passage doesn’t mention it. Passage C 单项选择 根据短文内容从各题的四个选项中选择一个最佳答案，并将其代表字母涂在答题卡的相应位置。 What surprises us most? It is that there are still couples who keep doing things to show each other love. A Japanese farmer is famous for his act of love. He has spent nearly two years planting flowers for his blind wife. Mr. and Mrs. Kuroki live in a large flower garden. The garden has turned into a tourist attraction (旅游胜地) recently. Around 7,000 visitors come here each year, not only for the beautiful scenery (景色), but also for the special story behind the two old farmers. In 1956, the newly married couple first moved into the house. The house would be their home for the rest of their lives. They had two children and lived happily for years. However, as years passed, Mrs. Kuroki’s health began to decline. Her vision (视力) problems were so serious that she became blind in the end. She hid herself in her home for a long time, refusing to leave unless it was necessary. Mr. Kuroki got an idea. He wanted to give her gifts —flowers. So he got to work on his big surprise. Mr. Kuroki took advantage of the hills around their house and he began to plant a kind of flower with strong fragrance (芳香). He wanted to see if the fragrance would make her come outside. When he realized that his idea was going to work, he worked for nearly two years to completely cover his garden with the flowers. Now Mrs. Kuroki goes out every day with her husband to enjoy the fragrance of the flowers and the fresh air of a new day.

11. From Paragraph 1, we can know _____.

A. the farmer loves his wife very much

B. the famer has planted some trees for his wife

C. there is nothing wrong with the farmer’ s wife’ s eyes

D. it has taken the farmer over three years to plant flowers

12. What’ s the Chinese meaning of the underlined word “decline” in the passage?

A. 好转 B. 控制 C. 恶化 D. 拒绝

13. Mr. Kuroki planted the flowers to _____.

A. get more visitors’ attention

B. make his wife love flowers

C. enjoy the fragrance of the flowers

D. make his wife come out and enjoy the fragrance

14. Which is the best title of this passage?

A. A Famous Japanese Farmer

B. A Beautiful Act of Love

C. A Large Flower Garden

D. A Kind of Flower with Strong Fragrance

Passage D 还原句子 根据短文内容，从短文后的五个选项中选出能够填入短文空白处的最值选项，并将其代表字母涂在答题卡的相应位置。

Kobe Bryant, one of the greatest basketball players of all time, died in a helicopter (直升飞机) crash (坠毁) with his daughter on Sunday. ___31___ Mr. Bryant’ s death has caused great sadness. ___32___ Some NBA players held onto the ball for 24 seconds when games started on Sunday. They were doing it out of respect for Mr. Bryant who had worn the number 24. Mr. Bryant had played for the Los Angeles Lakers for 20 years. ___33___ During his time with the Lakers, Mr. Bryant led the team to five national championships (锦标赛). Mr. Bryant helped lead the US Olympic team to win the gold medal in 2008 and 2012. Along the way, Mr. Bryant became one of the most famous and popular basketball players of all time. Mr. Bryant spent his early school years in Italy. His father was a professional basketball player there. His family moved back to the US when Mr. Bryant was in high school. He played and practiced hard in the high school. ___34___ And his performance on the court (球场) caused excitement and got much attention. In 2016, Mr. Bryant retired (退役). During his time with the Lakers, Mr. Bryant had worn the numbers 8 and

15. ___ After he retired, Mr. Bryant focused on (关注) his family. Mr. Bryant also set up basketball camps and programs for kids, to help share his love of the game. He took up new activities, too. He started a company that produced books and movies.

A. He joined the team at the age of 17.

B. The crash killed nine people in all.

C. When he retired, the Lakers said those numbers wouldn’ t be used again.

D. His goal was becoming even better than his boyhood hero, Michael Jordan.

E. Friends, fans, and well-known people from around the world were all very sad.

## 三、任务型阅读（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

Passage A 根据短文内容完成短文后的思维导图，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。 Rethink, Reuse, Recycle! Do you often throw away things you don’t need anymore? Have you ever thought about how these things can actually be put to good use? Nothing is a waste if you have a creative mind. You have probably never heard of Amy Hayes, but she is a most unusual woman. She lives in a house in the UK that she built herself out of rubbish. The windows and doors come from old buildings around her town that were pulled down. The top of the house is an old boat turned upside down. And the gate in front of her house is made of rocks and old glass bottles. Amy recently won a prize from the Help Save Our Planet Society. The president said, “Amy is an inspiration to us all.” Amy isn’t the only one who is good al recycling. Jessica Wong from Hong Kong uses old clothes that people don’t wear anymore to make bags. She has been doing this for a few years now. She opened a small shop where she sells her bags, and she has also set up a website to sell them online. She especially likes to use old jeans to make handbags. Her bags are cute and useful. “I plan to write a book about new ways to use old clothes,” she said. “I hope people can read my book and enjoy it!” Wang Tao set up a small business in Shanghai four years ago. He is known for using iron and other materials from old cars to make beautiful art pieces. Some are large pieces that look like animals or humans, and some are smaller pieces you can put at home. The more popular works can even be seen in art shops around the city. Wang Tao hopes to set up a “metal art” theme park to show people the importance of environmental protection. Not only can the art bring happiness to others, but it also shows that even cold, hard iron can be back to life with a little creativity. Rethink, Reuse, Recycle! Amy Hayes from the UK ★Build a house by using rubbish ★Win ___16___ from the Help Save Our Planet Society Jessica Wong from HK ★Make bags ___17___ ★Set up a website to sell them ★Plan ___18___ about how to use old clothes Wang Tao in ___19___ ★Use iron and other materials from old cars to make art pieces ★Hope to set up ___20___ to show people the importance of environmental protection Passage B 根据短文内容完成短文后的图表，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。 Fish live in water. They use their special organ(器官) called gills(腮) for breathing. Some fish are dangerous to humans. Here are the world’s most dangerous fishes. Electric Eel(电鳗) — It is a South American fish. Electric eels are long and usually gray-brown in color. The electric eel can reach up to 9 feet long and can weigh up to 22 kg. The fish has a mouth. It is rich in blood vessels(血管). The fish can use them as lungs(肺). Its tail has the electric organ that gives off 300 — 650 volts of electricity. Stonefish — These venomous(有毒的) fish are generally found in the waters of the tropical Indo-Pacific. These fish have small eyes, large heads and mouths. If you ever see one, stay away from it. Piranha(水虎鱼) — There are more than ___25___ kinds of Piranha fish. These meat-eating fish have sharp(尖利的) teeth. Most of the Piranha fish eat plants or anything that they can find. Puffer Fish(河豚) — It can inflate(使膨胀) itself with water and air to turn into a ball several times its real size. One puffer fish has enough toxins(毒素) to kill about 30 humans. There are total 120 kinds of puffer fish all over the world. Four World’s Most Dangerous Fishes Electric Eel ◆It comes from ___21___ and it is long and gray-brown. ◆The blood vessels in its mouth can ___22___ as lungs. ◆The

electric organ in its tail can give off electricity of 300 — 650 volts of electricity. ___23___ ◆They live in the waters of the tropical Indo-Pacific. ◆They are venomous and they have small eyes, large heads and mouths. Piranha ◆They have ___24___. ◆They feed on meat, plants and so on. Puffer Fish ◆It can inflate itself to turn into a much bigger ___60___. ◆It can kill humans with its toxins. Passage C 根据短文内容回答短文后的问题，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。 Li Shizhen was one of the most famous doctors in Chinese history He was born in Hubei in 1518. Both of Li Shizhen’ s father and grandfather were doctors. Li Shizhen’ s grandfather was a country doctor who traveled in the countryside with a bag of herbs (药草) and medicine and cured (治愈) people. His father was a doctor who wrote several books. Li Shizhen used to help his father in his medical practice when he was young. Li Shizhen’ s father wanted him to enter politics (从政). Li Shizhen studied for the exams and passed the country-level examination, but he was never able to pass the imperial (帝国的) examination. When he was 38, he cured the son of the Prince and was invited to be an official in that court (宫廷). A few years later, he became an official at the Imperial Medical Institute. Even though he achieved his father’ s dream, he didn’ t want to continue working for the court. One year later, he left the court and returned to be a doctor again. Li Shizhen was famous for his book, Compendium of Materia Medica (《本草纲目》). It took him twenty-seven years to write the book. Unluckily, Li Shizhen died before the book was officially published (出版). It is such a successful book. Now it is still one of the most important medical books in China. 61. Where was Li Shizhen born? 62. What was Li Shizhen’ s father ‘s job? 63. What did Li Shizhen use to do when he was young? 64. Did Li Shizhen pass the imperial examination? 65. How long did Li Shizhen spend in writing Compendium of Materia Medical? Passage D 根据短文内容完成短文后的任务，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。 Space vegetables are grown from seeds (种子). They have been taken to and brought back from outer space. The seeds are influenced by the radiation (辐射) and low gravity (重力) in outer space. When they are brought back to the earth, these seeds produce vegetables that are bigger, healthier and more nutritious (有营养的) than normal vegetables. People needn’ t worry, because space vegetables are actually very healthy. Here are some facts that you should know about space vegetables: Space vegetables are grown from seeds (A)_____ are carefully chosen. After seeds are brought back from space, (C) they are tested to make sure that the vegetables they grow will be safe to eat. There are no traces (痕迹) of radiation after testing. Space vegetables are better for you than normal vegetables. (B) _____ example, space tomatoes stay fresh for twenty days, which is one week longer than normal tomatoes. After genetically modified (转基因) food came into the market, people worried that they were eating unknown things. Unlike genetically modified food, space vegetables have not been genetically changed. This means that no new genes (基因) are put into the vegetables. (D) So they won’ t be bad for your health. 66. 在文中（A）和（B）的空白处分别填入适当的词：_____ _____ 67. 文中划线部分（C）指代的是：_____ 68. 将文中划线部分（D）改写为：So they won’ t _____ _____ to your health. 69. 从文中找出两个能说明太空蔬菜特点的形容词：_____ _____ 70. 从文中找出能说明本文中心大意的单词或者短语：_____ Ⅶ.书面表达 （A）根据要求完成读后续写，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。

16. 任务型阅读

_____

17. 任务型阅读

_____

18. 任务型阅读

_____

19. 任务型阅读

_____

20. 任务型阅读

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21. 任务型阅读

_____

22. 任务型阅读

_____

23. 任务型阅读

_____

24. 任务型阅读

_____

25. 任务型阅读

_____

## 四、阅读下面短文，根据所给情节进行续写，使之构成一个完整的语篇。（共 2 小题，每小题 2 分，共 4 分）

26. 续写完成后，请用下划线标出你所选用的关键词语。 Because of COVID-19 (新冠病毒), students had to study online at home for a long time. Compared with studying at school, it’ s very different. Some students like online classes, because they have more freedom. They can get information about their study on the Internet. And they can also ask their teachers questions by Internet, telephone or email. During every break, they can watch TV or listen to music to relax. Paragraph 1: However, some students prefer studying at school. _____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____ （B）根据要求完成提示性作文，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。

_____

—— 参考答案与逐题解析附于卷末 ——

# 参考答案

客观题速查表 + 主观题参考范文/译文；逐题解析附后

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. C | 2. B | 3. A | 4. C | 5. D |
| 6. B | 7. D | 8. C | 9. D | 10. B |
| 11. A | 12. C | 13. D | 14. B | 15. C |
| 16. a prize | 17. with old clothes | 18. to write a book | 19. Shanghai | 21. South America |
| 22. be used | 23. Stonefish | 24. sharp teeth | 25. ball | |

20. a 'metal art' theme park

26. However, some students prefer studying at school. They think they can concentrate better in the classroom. They can also discuss problems with classmates face to face. What's more, they can get help from teachers more easily. In their opinion, studying at school is more efficient and enjoyable.

# 逐题解析

答案定位与考点精讲

1. 【答案】C
   定位题干关键词 'four routes' 和 'start from' → 在语篇中定位到所有路线的共同起点信息 → 得出答案
   考点：细节定位与捕捉

2. 【答案】B
   定位题干条件 '8-day holiday' → 在语篇中匹配各路线的行程天数 → 得出答案
   考点：细节定位与捕捉

3. 【答案】A
   定位题干条件 'Golden 03' 和 'can’ t visit' → 在语篇中查找该路线的行程安排，排除包含的城市 → 得出答案
   考点：细节定位与捕捉

4. 【答案】C
   定位题干条件 'Tony and his parents'（3人）和 'Golden 04' → 在语篇中查找该路线的单价并计算总价 → 得出答案
   考点：细节定位与捕捉　数字运算

5. 【答案】D
   定位题干关键词 'can’ t get more information' → 在语篇中查找获取信息的途径，排除可行方式 → 得出答案
   考点：细节定位与捕捉

6. 【答案】B
   定位Randy制作地图的目的 → 识别其行为与展示树木位置的关联 → 得出答案
   考点：细节定位与捕捉

7. 【答案】D
   定位单词'survivor'在语境中的使用 → 分析其指代对象（在火灾中幸存的树） → 得出答案
   考点：语境选词

8. 【答案】C
   定位伐木工对加拿大最高树的意图 → 识别其破坏性目的 → 得出答案
   考点：细节定位与捕捉

9. 【答案】D
   逐一核对每个选项与原文信息的对应关系 → 找出与原文不符的陈述 → 得出答案
   考点：细节定位与捕捉

10. 【答案】B
    定位关于森林最终状态的描述 → 识别其转变为公园的事实 → 得出答案
    考点：细节定位与捕捉

11. 【答案】A

定位第一段关键信息 → 识别对人物情感的直接描述 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

12. 【答案】C

定位划线词所在语境 → 分析上下文逻辑关系 → 推断词义

考点：语境选词

13. 【答案】D

定位描述丈夫种花目的的段落 → 综合上下文信息进行推理 → 得出答案

考点：推理判断

14. 【答案】B

通读全文，把握核心事件与情感主旨 → 对比选项与主旨的契合度 → 得出答案

考点：主旨大意

15. 【答案】C

定位题干关键词 'retired' → 在语篇中定位到 'After he retired' 所在段落 → 识别该段落核心信息为 'focused on his family' 与 'set up basketball camps' → 对比选项，C项 'When he retired, the Lakers said those numbers wouldn’t be u...' 与语篇中 'After he retired' 的时间点及 'Lakers' 的提及相符，且内容指向其职业生涯的延续性影响，构成细节匹配

考点：细节定位　同义替换

16. 【答案】a prize

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
54 空 分析句子结构 → 识别空格处为宾语从句 → 根据从句引导词和语境 → 确定答案为 'Shanghai'
55 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词短语 → 根据上下文语境和引号提示 → 确定答案为 'a 'metal art' theme park'
56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
57 空 分析句子结构 → 判断语态与非谓语形式 → 得出答案
58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
59 空 定位特征描述 → 识别具体名词短语 → 得出答案
60 空 定位具体物品 → 识别名词 → 得出答案

考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

17. 【答案】with old clothes

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
54 空 分析句子结构 → 识别空格处为宾语从句 → 根据从句引导词和语境 → 确定答案为 'Shanghai'
55 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词短语 → 根据上下文语境和引号提示 → 确定答案为 'a 'metal art' theme park'
56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案

57 空 分析句子结构 → 判断语态与非谓语形式 → 得出答案
58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
59 空 定位特征描述 → 识别具体名词短语 → 得出答案
60 空 定位具体物品 → 识别名词 → 得出答案

考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

18. 【答案】to write a book

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
54 空 分析句子结构 → 识别空格处为宾语从句 → 根据从句引导词和语境 → 确定答案为 'Shanghai'
55 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词短语 → 根据上下文语境和引号提示 → 确定答案为 'a 'metal art' theme park'
56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
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58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
59 空 定位特征描述 → 识别具体名词短语 → 得出答案
60 空 定位具体物品 → 识别名词 → 得出答案

考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

19. 【答案】Shanghai

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
54 空 分析句子结构 → 识别空格处为宾语从句 → 根据从句引导词和语境 → 确定答案为 'Shanghai'
55 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词短语 → 根据上下文语境和引号提示 → 确定答案为 'a 'metal art' theme park'
56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
57 空 分析句子结构 → 判断语态与非谓语形式 → 得出答案
58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
59 空 定位特征描述 → 识别具体名词短语 → 得出答案
60 空 定位具体物品 → 识别名词 → 得出答案

考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

20. 【答案】a 'metal art' theme park

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
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55 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词短语 → 根据上下文语境和引号提示 → 确定答案为 'a 'metal art' theme park'
56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
57 空 分析句子结构 → 判断语态与非谓语形式 → 得出答案

58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
59 空 定位特征描述 → 识别具体名词短语 → 得出答案
60 空 定位具体物品 → 识别名词 → 得出答案

考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

21. 【答案】South America

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
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56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
57 空 分析句子结构 → 判断语态与非谓语形式 → 得出答案
58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
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考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

22. 【答案】be used

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
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55 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词短语 → 根据上下文语境和引号提示 → 确定答案为 'a 'metal art' theme park'
56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
57 空 分析句子结构 → 判断语态与非谓语形式 → 得出答案
58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
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60 空 定位具体物品 → 识别名词 → 得出答案

考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

23. 【答案】Stonefish

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
54 空 分析句子结构 → 识别空格处为宾语从句 → 根据从句引导词和语境 → 确定答案为 'Shanghai'
55 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词短语 → 根据上下文语境和引号提示 → 确定答案为 'a 'metal art' theme park'
56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
57 空 分析句子结构 → 判断语态与非谓语形式 → 得出答案
58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案

59 空 定位特征描述 → 识别具体名词短语 → 得出答案
60 空 定位具体物品 → 识别名词 → 得出答案

考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

24. 【答案】sharp teeth

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
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56 空 定位地理信息 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
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58 空 定位生物名称 → 识别专有名词 → 得出答案
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考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

25. 【答案】ball

51 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为名词性成分 → 根据动词短语 'win' 的搭配习惯 → 确定答案为 'a prize'
52 空 分析句子结构 → 识别动词 'take on' 的固定搭配 → 根据语境 'with old clothes' 表示穿着旧衣服 → 确定答案
53 空 分析句子结构 → 判断空格处为目的状语 → 根据动词不定式表目的的用法 → 确定答案为 'to write a book'
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考点：非谓语动词　动词搭配　动词搭配 take on　介词搭配　不定式表目的　名词性从句　宾语从句　语境选词　名词短语　细节定位与捕捉　时态与语态

26. 【答案】However, some students prefer studying at…

分析句子结构 → 判断空缺成分在句中作状语 → 选择非谓语动词形式

考点：非谓语动词作状语