中考 · 2023年齐齐哈尔市中考英语真题

历年真题

满分 90 分 · 时长 120 分钟 · 共 49 题 · 齐齐哈尔市

姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 得分：_____

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本卷答案与讲解
324 223
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一、单项选择（每小题1分，共10分）（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

1. Tracy, _____ exchange student from Norway, is _____ university student in Heilongjing now.
A. a, an B. an, the C. an, a

2. Chinese scientists have made great _____ in space technology recently. A information
A. progress B. knowledge

3. Teachers often say that teenagers should learn to look after _____.
A. ourselves B. yourselves C. themselves

4. — This will be my _____ visit to the Sun Island. I’ m really excited. — Really? I can’ t believe it. You’ ve been in Harbin for a year. A first
A. second B. third

5. Bills is _____ all the other runners. It seems that he will be the winner.
A. next to B. far from C. ahead of

6. Remember this, kids. The harder you work, the _____ you will be.
A. worse B. luckier C. easier

7. We should often review our notes after class to avoid _____ the same mistakes.
A. making B. getting C. wasting

8. — Why do the elephants in Thailand have to _____? — Because humans there catch them for their ivory to make money.
A. protect B. be protected C. are protected

9. When you are in trouble, a friend who _____ from you is not a true one.
A. takes away B. gives away C. runs away

10. — Excuse me, could you tell me _____? — You can take the No. 28 bus there. It’s about 20 minutes’ ride.

A. how far Huaxing Middle School is　　B. how can I get to Huaxing Middle School

C. how long it takes to get to Huaxing Middle School

二、完形填空（每小题1分，共15分）（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

阅读短文，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。 It seems that on every street corner in the world, there is a fast-food restaurant. People everywhere are ____11____, so they do not want to wait for their food. Around the world, $240 billion a year ____12____ on fast food. Yet, ____13____ fast food has become quite popular, there are many myths(荒诞的说法) ____14____ it The first myth is that fast food is a recent ____15____. This is not true. More than 2, 000 years ____16____, the people of Rome lined up in the street to buy quick meals at small stands. One type of their most popular fast food ____17____ a lot like a modem hamburger. All through history, people have always eaten fast food. The second myth is that all fast food is ____18____. While many modern fast-food restaurants are American, some very traditional Chinese food is nearly fast food. This ____19____ mantou, noodles and Chinese dumplings. ____20____, one of the most popular fast food chains(连锁店) in the US is a Chinese food chain, Panda Express. ____21____ has more than 1, 600 restaurants in America. Finally, many people think that fast food is always bad for them. This is true of a lot of fast food. However, nearly every fast-food restaurant has some healthy food on its ____22____, and some fast-food restaurants ____23____ make healthy food. The problem is not fast food, ____24____ the choices we make. We can choose ____25____ healthy food, even at fast food restaurants.

11. A. tired　B. busy　C. lazy

12. A. is spent　B. is paid　C. is put

13. A. so that　B. even though　C. as soon as

14. A. for　B. from　C. about

15. A. invention　B. tradition　C. prediction

16. A. ago　B. later　C. before

17. A. sounded　B. smelt　C. looked

18. A. British　B. Chinese　C. American

19. A. means　B. includes　C. has

20. A. In fact　B. At first　C. So far

21. A. One　B. This　C. It

22. A. table　B. menu　C. plate

23. A. only　B. never　C. also

24. A. and B. because C. but

25. A. to cook B. to refuse C. to eat

三、V．阅读理解（A、B、D每小题1分，C、E、F每小题2分）（共 13 小题，每小题 1

Cat-Cow, Crow, Downward-facing dog and Pigeon: these names might sound like animals but they are actually yoga (瑜伽) poses (姿势). Learning how to move your body into these poses takes practice, but your life quality (质量) is likely to improve.

26. Take your time with each pose and remember not to rush. Each pose has steps to follow safely.
A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

27. Keep practicing poses that you find difficult. With time and patience you will be able to do them.
A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

28. Have a good time and enjoy it. That might mean playing music while doing yoga, or practicing outside in a park.
A. Keep going B. One step at a time C. Have fun D. Get started
E. Feel changes F. Enjoy music

Before the discovery of DNA information in the 1980s, fingerprint(指纹) science was the easiest way to solve serious crimes. It’ s believed that each one of us has our own fingerprints. But did you know that our fingerprints could show a lot about us? According to the expert, fingerprints can show lifestyle and environment, eating habits, possible medical problems and even the job of a person. So how can we work all this out from just a simple fingerprint? Well, a fingerprint is formed when a finger touches a surface. Most fingerprints can’ t be seen to the eye and require a chemical development process in order to make them shown. Besides, its use could be much wider. For example, it may be helpful in the future to doctors treating their patients. A fingerprint exam may also tell a doctor whether a patient is properly taking medicine. In the treatment of some of the most serious illnesses, taking proper medicine is important. In the future, finger print science can be used by the police and help doctors keep us in the best possible health. 根据文章内容，判断句子正（T）、误（F）。

29. People didn’ t discover DNA information until the 1980s.
A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

30. Fingerprints can show a person’ s both looks and lifestyle according to the passage.
A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

31. People can easily see all the fingerprints without the help of technology.
A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

32. Doctors can know about patients just through a finger print exam.

A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

33. In the future, fingerprint science can still make a difference in our life. （C） Hello, boys and girls! Nice to see you again in our art club. Today we are going to learn about a new art form. It was created by an American artist Haring. He is good at different kinds of scrawling(涂鸦). Now let’ s make some Haring sports scenes. Please follow the instructions. If you have any questions, let me know. 阅读以上信息，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

34. First of all, we should _____.

A. repeat with different poses B. get everything ready C. draw the head

35. There are _____ steps to make a Haring sports figure before adding in more details.

A. six B. seven C. eight

36. We don’ t need _____ during the first four steps.

A. scissors B. tacks C. glue

37. We can use a marker pen to _____.

A. cutout the figure B. trace the figure C. glue the figure

38. In this period of the art club activities, you probably make some _____ poses.

A. running B. thinking C. singing （D） 阅读短文，根据首字母或所给词的适当形式填空，使文章语义通顺。 Do you know China’ s Teeth Care Day? It falls on S____61____ 20th every year. It began in 1989. Its aim is to take good care of ____62____ (people) teeth. There are thirty-eight students in Wang Bin’ s class, and eleven of ____63____ (they) have tooth problems which bring them a lot of trouble. Mao Kang said, “I had three bad teeth. Each tooth c____64____ me four hundred yuan, and I had to see the dentist five times.” Liu Jian said, “Something is wrong with my front teeth. I don’ t like to open my mouth. My classmates say my teeth look like an old woman’ s. I’ m sad to hear that. And I can’ t speak ____65____ (clear) now.” Do you have good teeth, my friend? If you want to take care of your teeth, please follow the f____66____ suggestions below: ◆Brush your teeth at ____67____ (little) once a day. If you can, brush them after every meal. ◆Brush all your teeth, and do not just brush the front o____68____. ◆Brush your teeth slowly and carefully. Spend four minutes or more each time. ◆Do not use your teeth a____69____ tools to open bottles. It’ s very easy to hurt your teeth to do such jobs. ◆Eating and drinking are also important to your teeth. Eat lots of fruits and vegetables and drink water. Try not ____70____ (drink) Coke or other drinks. （E） Farming has always been a countryside thing. But now, farms are coming to the balconies(阳台) of city flats. According to a recent report, sales of vegetable seeds(种子) on the Internet in the first quarter of 2022 doubled compared with the same period in 2021. Of these buyers, most were born after 1995. Zhang Chao from Anhui Province is one young “city farmer”. The senior high school

student said his love for planting was formed in primary school, when he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. He learned to grow vegetables from his grandpa, who has been a farmer for life. Though farming takes hard work, Zhang said he felt excited when he saw seeds turn into plants. Now Zhang still keeps up his hobby with a balcony garden. He grows strawberries and carrots. “Growing fruits and vegetables not only brings delicious food, but it also reminds me of the happy times with my grandpa.” said Zhang. Unlike Zhang, Fang Minke from Shenzhen thinks that planting a garden is a good way to relax and develop patience. The 16-year-old girl sometimes felt stressed. To deal with this, she started planting vegetables on her balcony in 2021. Most of the seeds were given to her by friends. Not knowing what plants the seeds were from, she just planted them and waited patiently. After half a year, her balcony became a small garden. Every day it takes her long hours to do homework. Then she likes to walk around her balcony garden. “Seeing different colors and breathing fresh air, I feel closer to nature.” Fang said. Planting vegetables is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young.

四、阅读短文，回答下列问题。（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

39. When did Zhang Chao learn to grow vegetables? _____

40. What does Zhang Chao grow on his balcony, vegetables or fruits?
_____

41. What does Fang Minke think of planting a garden? _____

42. How did Fang Minke deal with her stress? _____

43. Why do you think so many young people become “city farmers”?
_____ （F） “We all have suffered(遭受) from air pollution. If we don’t call for an end to firecrackers(鞭炮), the environment will get worse and worse in the future.” said Zhang Wei. He put up a notice in his neighborhood. In the notice, he called on more people to set off fewer firecrackers during this year’s Spring Festival.① Lots of parents agreed with Zhang Wei. (A) They said that they hated the noise of firecrackers. The noise often woke up their babies easily. And the babies really needed a (B) ____76____ place to have enough sleep. More Chinese are looking forward to celebrating the holiday in greener ways. ②Many people decide not to set off firecrackers and they decide not to waste food. They think that the new ways are fashionable. “My family didn’t buy firecrackers this year. (C) ____77____, we gave the money away to a charity. It’s good for the environment and the charity.” the Internet user “Fighter” wrote on the Blog. In my opinion, it’s very important for us to celebrate our traditional festival—the Spring Festival. But it’s more important to reduce air pollution and protect our environment. ③We need more people like Zhang Wei or “Fighter” who uses electronic ways like QQ, WeChat or Blog to spread the ideas of environmental protection. I believe more and more people will join them and our environment will get better and better.

五、阅读短文，根据题目要求完成下列任务。（共 1 小题，每小题 2 分，共 2 分）

44. 用英文写出文中（A）处They所指代的内容：_____

六、在文中（B）处和（C）处各填上一个适当的词，使文章的意思完整。（共 3 小题，每小题 1 分，共 3 分）

45. 在文中①②③处，选出能够填入“We had better express our cheerful feeling and best wishes in greener ways.”的最佳位置：_____

46. 在文中找出一个与所给英文释义相匹配的单词。 _____: the process of making air, water, soil etc. dirty or dangerous

47. 请根据文章内容，给此文拟一个恰当的标题：（不超过8个单词）_____

七、书面表达（本题共15分，其中A题5分，B题10分）（共 1 小题，每小题 15 分，共 15 分）

48.（15 分）

八、假如你是李智，请根据表格中的提示写一张请假条，向你的班主任张老师请假。（共 1 小题，每小题 22 分，共 22 分）

49.（词数 30-50，22 分）

—— 参考答案与逐题解析附于卷末 ——

参考答案

客观题速查表 + 主观题参考范文/译文；逐题解析附后

1. C	2. B	3. C	4. A	5. C
6. B	7. A	8. B	9. C	10. A
11. B	12. A	13. B	14. C	15. A
16. A	17. C	18. C	19. B	20. A
21. C	22. B	23. A	24. C	25. C
26. B	27. A	28. C	29. A	30. B
31. B	32. B	33. A	34. B	35. A
36. C	37. B	38. A	40. Vegetables.	44. Lots of parents
45. ③	46. pollution			

39. When he was a child.

41. It is a good way to deal with stress.

42. By planting a garden.

43. Because they want to live a healthier and more environmentally friendly life.

47. Green Ways to Celebrate Festivals

48. 阅读以上信息，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。 56. First of all, we should _____. A. repeat with different poses⊠B. get everything ready⊠C. draw the head 57. There are _____ steps to make a Haring sports figure before adding in more details. A. six⊠B. seven⊠C. eight 58. We don’t need _____ during the first four steps. A. scissors⊠B. tacks⊠C. glue 59. We can use a marker pen to _____. A. cutout the figure⊠B. trace the figure⊠C. glue the figure 60. In this period of the art club activities, you probably make some _____ poses. A. running⊠B. thinking⊠C. singing 【答案】56. B 57. A 58. C 59. B 60. A 【解析】 【导语】本文是一美术俱乐部的活动内容，介绍了如何绘制街头艺术家Haring风格的涂鸦。 【56题详解】 细节理解题。根据第一步“1. Put everything in front of you and get some cards to draw on.”可知，首先要把所有需要的东西准备好。故选B。 【57题详解】 细节理解题。根据“7. Add in more details”可知，在添加细节之前有6个步骤。故选A。 【58题详解】 细节理解题。根据前四个步骤可知，需要的工具有剪刀和图钉，胶水是在第六步用。故选C。 【59题详解】 细节理解题。根据第五步“5. Trace(描摹) around your figure(图形) with a black marker”可知，可以用记号笔描摹图形。故选B。 【60题详解】 推理判断题。根据“Now let’s make some Haring sports scenes.”可知，活动内容是绘制运动场景的涂鸦，A项“跑步”符合活动主题。故选A。 （D） 阅读短文，根据首字母或所给词的适当形式填空，使文章语义通顺。 Do you know China’s Teeth Care Day? It falls on S____61____ 20th every year. It began in 1989. Its aim is to take good care of ____62____ (people) teeth. There are thirty-eight students in Wang Bin’s class, and eleven of ____63____ (they) have tooth problems which bring them a lot of trouble. Mao Kang said, “I had three bad teeth. Each tooth c____64____ me four hundred yuan, and I had to see the dentist five times.” Liu Jian said, “Something is wrong with my front teeth. I don’t like to open my mouth. My classmates say my teeth look like an old woman’s. I’m sad to hear that. And I can’t speak ____65____ (clear) now.” Do you have good teeth, my friend? If you want to take care of your teeth,

please follow the f____66____ suggestions below: ◆Brush your teeth at ____67____ (little) once a day. If you can, brush them after every meal. ◆Brush all your teeth, and do not just brush the front o____68____. ◆Brush your teeth slowly and carefully. Spend four minutes or more each time. ◆Do not use your teeth a____69____ tools to open bottles. It’s very easy to hurt your teeth to do such jobs. ◆Eating and drinking are also important to your teeth. Eat lots of fruits and vegetables and drink water. Try not ____70____ (drink) Coke or other drinks. 【答案】61. (S)eptember 62. people’s 63. them 64. (c)ost 65 clearly 66. (f)ive 67. least 68. (o)nes 69. (a)s 70. to drink 【解析】 【导语】本文主要通过全文爱牙日引出一些学生当中存在的牙齿问题，并提出了一些保养牙齿的方法。 【61题详解】 句意：它是在每年的9月20日。空处应填月份，且以字母S开头，September“九月”符合。故填(S)eptember。 【62题详解】 句意：它的目的是让人们照顾好牙齿。空处修饰名词“teeth”，表示“人们的牙齿”，是所属关系，用所有格形式。故填people’s。 【63题详解】 句意：王斌的班上有三十八个学生，其中十一个有牙齿问题，这给他们带来了很多麻烦。空处作介词of的宾语，用宾格代词them，指代“学生们”。故填them。 【64题详解】 句意：每颗牙齿花了我四百元，我还得去看牙医五次。根据“…me four hundred yuan”可知，是花费400元，cost“花费”符合语境，时态为一般过去时，cost用过去式。故填(c)ost。 【65题详解】 句意：我现在讲话不清楚了。修饰动词“speak”用clear的副词形式clearly“清楚地”。故填clearly。 【66题详解】 句意：如果你想照顾好你的牙齿，请遵循以下五条建议。根据后文可知，共有五条建议，结合首字母f，基数词five“五”符合语境。故填(f)ive。 【67题详解】 句意：每天至少刷牙一次。at least“至少”，固定短语，符合语境。故填least。 【68题详解】 句意：刷所有的牙齿，不要只刷前面的那些。根据“do not just brush the front…”可知，不能只刷前面的牙齿，空处用ones指代前文提到的复数名词“teeth”。故填(o)nes。 【69题详解】 句意：不要把你的牙齿当作打开瓶子的工具。根据“tools to open bottles”可知，不能把牙齿当成开瓶工具，use sth as sth“把……作为……使用”。故填(a)s。 【70题详解】 句意：尽量不要喝可乐或其他饮料。try not to do sth“尽量不要做某事”，动词不定式作宾语。故填to drink。 （E） Farming has always been a countryside thing. But now, farms are coming to the balconies(阳台) of city flats. According to a recent report, sales of vegetable seeds(种子) on the Internet in the first quarter of 2022 doubled compared with the same period in 2021. Of these buyers, most were born after 1995. Zhang Chao from Anhui Province is one young “city farmer”. The senior high school student said his love for planting was formed in primary school, when he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. He learned to grow vegetables from his grandpa, who has been a farmer for life. Though farming takes hard work, Zhang said he felt excited when he saw seeds turn into plants. Now Zhang still keeps up his hobby with a balcony garden. He grows strawberries and carrots. “Growing fruits and vegetables not only brings delicious food, but it also reminds me of the happy times with my grandpa.” said Zhang. Unlike Zhang, Fang Minke from Shenzhen thinks that planting a garden is a good way to relax and develop patience. The 16-year-old girl sometimes felt stressed. To deal with this, she started planting vegetables on her balcony in 2021. Most of the seeds were given to her by friends. Not knowing what plants the seeds were from, she just planted them and waited patiently. After half a year, her balcony became a small garden. Every day it takes her long hours to do homework. Then she likes to walk around her balcony garden. “Seeing different colors and breathing fresh air, I feel closer to nature.” Fang said. Planting vegetables is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young. 阅读短文，回答下列问题。 71. When did Zhang Chao learn to grow vegetables? _____ 72. What does Zhang Chao grow on his balcony, vegetables or fruits? _____ 73. What does Fang Minke think of planting a garden? _____ 74. How did Fang Minke deal with her stress? _____ 75. Why do you think so many young people become “city farmers”? _____ 【答案】71. When he was in primary school./When he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. 72. He grows vegetables and fruits./He grows both vegetables and fruits./Vegetables and fruits./Both vegetables and fruits./Both. 73. She thinks it’s a

good way to relax and develop patience./It’s a good way to relax and develop patience./It’s relaxing./It’s relaxing to plant a garden./It makes her feel relaxed and patient. 74. She started planting vegetables on her balcony (in 2021)./By planting vegetables on her balcony (in 2021). 75. Planting (vegetables) is now more than just a way to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young./Growing vegetables (and fruits) is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young./Planting (vegetables) brings joy to the lives of the young./Growing vegetables (and fruits) brings joy to the lives of the young. 【解析】 【导语】本文通过两个年轻人在阳台种水果和蔬菜的经历说明：种植正在走进城市，它给年轻人的生活带来了快乐。 【71题详解】 根据“The senior high school student said his love for planting was formed in primary school, when he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. He learned to grow vegetables from his grandpa”可知，他在小学时跟爷爷学种蔬菜，那时他和爷爷住在农村。故填When he was in primary school./When he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. 【72题详解】 根据“He grows strawberries and carrots.”可知，他既种水果也种蔬菜。故填He grows vegetables and fruits./He grows both vegetables and fruits./Vegetables and fruits./Both vegetables and fruits./Both. 【73题详解】 根据“Unlike Zhang, Fang Minke from Shenzhen thinks that planting a garden is a good way to relax and develop patience.”可知，她认为种植可以放松和培养耐心。故填She thinks it’s a good way to relax and develop patience./It’s a good way to relax and develop patience./It’s relaxing./It’s relaxing to plant a garden./It makes her feel relaxed and patient. 【74题详解】 根据“The 16-year-old girl sometimes felt stressed. To deal with this, she started planting vegetables on her balcony in 2021.”可知，她通过在阳台上种菜来缓解压力。故填She started planting vegetables on her balcony (in 2021)./By planting vegetables on her balcony (in 2021). 【75题详解】 根据“Planting vegetables is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young.”可知，种植（水果/蔬菜）不仅仅是为了生活，它还给年轻人带来欢乐，所以他们会在城市里种植。故填Planting (vegetables) is now more than just a way to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young./Growing vegetables (and fruits) is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young./Planting (vegetables) brings joy to the lives of the young./Growing vegetables (and fruits) brings joy to the lives of the young. （F） “We all have suffered(遭受) from air pollution. If we don’t call for an end to firecrackers(鞭炮), the environment will get worse and worse in the future.” said Zhang Wei. He put up a notice in his neighborhood. In the notice, he called on more people to set off fewer firecrackers during this year’s Spring Festival.① Lots of parents agreed with Zhang Wei. (A) They said that they hated the noise of firecrackers. The noise often woke up their babies easily. And the babies really needed a (B) ____76____ place to have enough sleep. More Chinese are looking forward to celebrating the holiday in greener ways. ②Many people decide not to set off firecrackers and they decide not to waste food. They think that the new ways are fashionable. “My family didn’t buy firecrackers this year. (C) ____77____, we gave the money away to a charity. It’s good for the environment and the charity.” the Internet user “Fighter” wrote on the Blog. In my opinion, it’s very important for us to celebrate our traditional festival—the Spring Festival. But it’s more important to reduce air pollution and protect our environment. ③We need more people like Zhang Wei or “Fighter” who uses electronic ways like QQ, WeChat or Blog to spread the ideas of environmental protection. I believe more and more people will join them and our environment will get better and better. 阅读短文，根据题目要求完成下列任务。 76. 用英文写出文中（A）处They所指代的内容：_____ 77. 在文中（B）处和（C）处各填上一个适当的词，使文章的意思完整。 （B）_____ （C）_____ 78. 在文中①②③处，选出能够填入“We had better express our cheerful feeling and best wishes in greener ways.”的最佳位置：_____ 79. 在文中找出一个与所给英文释义相匹配的单词。 _____: the process of making air, water, soil etc. dirty or dangerous 80. 请根据文章内容，给此文拟一个恰当的标题：（不超过8个单词）_____ 【答案】76. Lots of parents 77. ①. quiet##peaceful ②. Instead 78.

③ 79. pollution 80. The Spring Festival goes green（greener）/Celebrating the Spring Festival in greener ways（in a greener way）/Celebrating（Having）a greener Spring Festival/Reducing air pollution during（at）the Spring Festival/Protecting our（the）environment during（at）the Spring Festival 【解析】 【导语】本文通过张伟对放鞭炮的看法引出文章主题：我们应该把环境保护放在首位，庆祝春节时减少或者不去燃放烟花爆竹。 【76题详解】 根据“Lots of parents agreed with Zhang Wei. (A) They said that they hated the noise of firecrackers. The noise often woke up their babies easily.”可知，许多父母讨厌鞭炮声，因为那会吵醒婴儿，“They”指代“Lots of parents许多父母”。故填Lots of parents。 【77题详解】 根据“The noise often woke up their babies easily. And the babies really needed a (B) … place to have enough sleep.”和常识可知，婴儿需要在安静的地方睡觉，quiet/peaceful“安静的”，形容词作定语，修饰名词“place”；根据“My family didn’t buy firecrackers this year. (C) …, we gave the money away to a charity.”可知，他们把钱捐了出去，而不是用来买鞭炮，副词instead“相反”符合语境，首字母大写。故填quiet/peaceful；Instead。 【78题详解】 给出的句子与庆祝节日的方式相关，根据最后一段“it’s very important for us to celebrate our traditional festival—the Spring Festival. But it’s more important to reduce air pollution and protect our environment.”可知，此处作者应提出要以环保的方式庆祝春节，“我们最好用更环保的方式表达我们愉快的心情和最美好的祝愿”最适合放在③处。故填③。 【79题详解】 “the process of making air, water, soil etc. dirty or dangerous”意为“使空气、水、土壤等变脏或变危险的过程”，与原文中的pollution“污染”匹配。故填pollution。 【80题详解】 通读全文，尤其是尾段“In my opinion, it’s very important for us to celebrate our traditional festival—the Spring Festival. But it’s more important to reduce air pollution and protect our environment.”可知，作者的目的是让大家以环保的方式庆祝春节，标题与之相关即可。故填The Spring Festival goes green（greener）/Celebrating the Spring Festival in greener ways（in a greener way）/Celebrating（Having）a greener Spring Festival/Reducing air pollution during（at）the Spring Festival/Protecting our（the）environment during（at）the Spring Festival。 第三部分 书面表达（共计15分） VI.书面表达（本题共15分，其中A题5分，B题10分） （注意: 文中不能出现考生真实姓名、校名和老师名，否则不给分） 81. 假如你是李智，请根据表格中的提示写一张请假条，向你的班主任张老师请假。 事由 天数 其他 明天你将要去北京参加游泳比赛（competition） 四天 及时返校，自学错过的课程 要求: 1.字迹工整，表达清楚，语法正确； 2.词数: 30—50词。 Dear Mr. Zhang, _____

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_____ Yours, Li Zhi 【答案】范文: Dear Mr. Zhang, I’m sorry that I can’t go to school tomorrow. I will take part in the swimming competition in Beijing. I want to ask for four days’ leave. I will come back to school in time. Don’t worry about me. I will learn the missing lessons by myself. Thank you! Yours, Li Zhi 【解析】 【详解】[总体分析] ①题材：本文是一个请假条； ②时态：时态为“一般现在时和一般将来时”； ③提示：写作要点已给出，考生应注意不要遗漏，适当增加细节完整表述内容。[写作步骤] 第一步，因为明天不能上学而感到抱歉； 第二步，讲明请假的原因，请假天数以及回来后课程的安排。 [亮点词汇] ①take part in参加 ②ask for leave请假 ③in time及时 [高分句型] ①I’m sorry that I can’t go to school tomorrow.（that引导宾语从句） ②Don’t worry about me.（祈使句的否定形式） 82. 为了调动同学们的学习积极性、提高学生的创造力，你的学校正在开展“师生同携手，作业我创新”主题活动，号召同学们设计出自己喜欢的，兼具趣味性、实效性、创新性的课后作业。请你结合英语学科的学习体验，设计三项作业。下面是你的“创新作业设计表”，请根据你自己的完整设计，以“My Homework,

My Idea”为题，写一篇短文，阐述你设计的英语作业内容、设计意图和作用。 作业内容 设计意图 作用 Learn an English song To sing it in class Learn more words Draw a mind map To review one’s English notes … … … … 要求： 1.字迹工整，段落清晰，表达清楚，语法正确，行文连贯； 2.要点必须包含所有相关信息，并适当发挥； 3.首段已给出，不计入总词数； 4.词数：80—100词。 My Homework, My Idea As students, we sometimes feel it boring to do homework every day, so doing creative homework can make us happier and more interested in English. _____
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_____ 【答案】例文： My Homework, My Idea As students, we sometimes feel it boring to do homework every day, so doing creative homework can make us happier and more interested in English. I have many good ideas about creative English homework because English is my favorite subject. Firstly, we can learn to sing an English song and sing it in class. In this way, we can learn more words. Secondly, if we draw mind maps to review our English notes, we will remember them well. Thirdly, it’s also proud of us to make a video to introduce our traditional Chinese culture in English. We can post it online so that more foreigners can know about our great country. I hope we can have more creative English homework in the future. 【解析】 【详解】[总体分析] ①题材：本文是一篇材料作文； ②时态：时态以“一般现在时”为主； ③提示：写作要点已给出，应注意不要遗漏“表格”中需要补充的内容，适当添加细节，并突出写作重点。 [写作步骤] 第一步，承接所给开头，引出主题——“我设计的创新性作业”； 第二步，从“作业内容”，“设计意图”和“作用”三方面进行具体介绍。 第三步，总结收尾，表达对“创新性作业”的期待。 [亮点词汇] ①In this way用这种方式 ②mind map思维导图 ③so that因此，以便（引导目的状语从句） [高分句型] ①I have many good ideas about creative English homework because English is my favorite subject.（because引导的原因状语从句） ②Secondly, if we draw mind maps to review our English notes, we will remember them well.（if引导的条件状语从句） ③Thirdly, it’s also proud of us to make a video to introduce our traditional Chinese culture in English.（it作形式主语；to do表目的）

49. 阅读以上信息，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。 56. First of all, we should _____. A. repeat with different poses⊠B. get everything ready⊠C. draw the head 57. There are _____ steps to make a Haring sports figure before adding in more details. A. six⊠B. seven⊠C. eight 58. We don’t need _____ during the first four steps. A. scissors⊠B. tacks⊠C. glue 59. We can use a marker pen to _____. A. cutout the figure⊠B. trace the figure⊠C. glue the figure 60. In this period of the art club activities, you probably make some _____ poses. A. running⊠B. thinking⊠C. singing 【答案】56. B 57. A 58. C 59. B 60. A 【解析】 【导语】本文是一美术俱乐部的活动内容，介绍了如何绘制街头艺术家Haring风格的涂鸦。 【56题详解】 细节理解题。根据第一步“1. Put everything in front of you and get some cards to draw on.”可知，首先要把所有需要的东西准备好。故选B。 【57题详解】 细节理解题。根据“7. Add in more details”可知，在添加细节之前有6个步骤。故选A。 【58题详解】 细节理解题。根据前四个步骤可知，需要的工具有剪刀和图钉，胶水是在第六步用。故选C。 【59题详解】 细节理解题。根据第五步“5. Trace(描摹) around your figure(图形) with a black marker”可知，可以用记号笔描摹图形。故选B。 【60题详解】 推理判断题。根据“Now let’s make some Haring sports scenes.”可知，活动内容是绘制运动场景的涂鸦，A项“跑步”符合活动主题。故选A。 （D） 阅读短文，根据首字母或所给词的适当形式填空，使文章语义通顺。 Do you know China’s Teeth Care Day? It falls on S____61____ 20th every year. It began in 1989. Its aim is to take good care

of ____62____ (people) teeth. There are thirty-eight students in Wang Bin’s class, and eleven of ____63____ (they) have tooth problems which bring them a lot of trouble. Mao Kang said, “I had three bad teeth. Each tooth c____64____ me four hundred yuan, and I had to see the dentist five times.” Liu Jian said, “Something is wrong with my front teeth. I don’t like to open my mouth. My classmates say my teeth look like an old woman’s. I’m sad to hear that. And I can’t speak ____65____ (clear) now.” Do you have good teeth, my friend? If you want to take care of your teeth, please follow the f____66____ suggestions below: ◆Brush your teeth at ____67____ (little) once a day. If you can, brush them after every meal. ◆Brush all your teeth, and do not just brush the front o____68____. ◆Brush your teeth slowly and carefully. Spend four minutes or more each time. ◆Do not use your teeth a____69____ tools to open bottles. It’s very easy to hurt your teeth to do such jobs. ◆Eating and drinking are also important to your teeth. Eat lots of fruits and vegetables and drink water. Try not ____70____ (drink) Coke or other drinks. 【答案】61. (S)eptember 62. people’s 63. them 64. (c)ost 65 clearly 66. (f)ive 67. least 68. (o)nes 69. (a)s 70. to drink 【解析】 【导语】本文主要通过全文爱牙日引出一些学生当中存在的牙齿问题，并提出了一些保养牙齿的方法。 【61题详解】 句意：它是在每年的9月20日。空处应填月份，且以字母S开头，September“九月”符合。故填(S)eptember。 【62题详解】 句意：它的目的是让人们照顾好牙齿。空处修饰名词“teeth”，表示“人们的牙齿”，是所属关系，用所有格形式。故填people’s。 【63题详解】 句意：王斌的班上有三十八个学生，其中十一个有牙齿问题，这给他们带来了很多麻烦。空处作介词of的宾语，用宾格代词them，指代“学生们”。故填them。 【64题详解】 句意：每颗牙齿花了我四百元，我还得去看牙医五次。根据“…me four hundred yuan”可知，是花费400元，cost“花费”符合语境，时态为一般过去时，cost用过去式。故填(c)ost。 【65题详解】 句意：我现在讲话不清楚了。修饰动词“speak”用clear的副词形式clearly“清楚地”。故填clearly。 【66题详解】 句意：如果你想照顾好你的牙齿，请遵循以下五条建议。根据后文可知，共有五条建议，结合首字母f，基数词five“五”符合语境。故填(f)ive。 【67题详解】 句意：每天至少刷牙一次。at least“至少”，固定短语，符合语境。故填least。 【68题详解】 句意：刷所有的牙齿，不要只刷前面的那些。根据“do not just brush the front…”可知，不能只刷前面的牙齿，空处用ones指代前文提到的复数名词“teeth”。故填(o)nes。 【69题详解】 句意：不要把你的牙齿当作打开瓶子的工具。根据“tools to open bottles”可知，不能把牙齿当成开瓶工具，use sth as sth“把……作为……使用”。故填(a)s。 【70题详解】 句意：尽量不要喝可乐或其他饮料。try not to do sth“尽量不要做某事”，动词不定式作宾语。故填to drink。 （E） Farming has always been a countryside thing. But now, farms are coming to the balconies(阳台) of city flats. According to a recent report, sales of vegetable seeds(种子) on the Internet in the first quarter of 2022 doubled compared with the same period in 2021. Of these buyers, most were born after 1995. Zhang Chao from Anhui Province is one young “city farmer”. The senior high school student said his love for planting was formed in primary school, when he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. He learned to grow vegetables from his grandpa, who has been a farmer for life. Though farming takes hard work, Zhang said he felt excited when he saw seeds turn into plants. Now Zhang still keeps up his hobby with a balcony garden. He grows strawberries and carrots. “Growing fruits and vegetables not only brings delicious food, but it also reminds me of the happy times with my grandpa.” said Zhang. Unlike Zhang, Fang Minke from Shenzhen thinks that planting a garden is a good way to relax and develop patience. The 16-year-old girl sometimes felt stressed. To deal with this, she started planting vegetables on her balcony in 2021. Most of the seeds were given to her by friends. Not knowing what plants the seeds were from, she just planted them and waited patiently. After half a year, her balcony became a small garden. Every day it takes her long hours to do homework. Then she likes to walk around her balcony garden. “Seeing different colors and breathing fresh air, I feel closer to nature.” Fang said. Planting vegetables is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young. 阅读短文，回答下列问题。 71. When did Zhang Chao learn to grow vegetables? _____ 72. What does Zhang Chao grow

on his balcony, vegetables or fruits? _____ 73. What does Fang Minke think of planting a garden? _____ 74. How did Fang Minke deal with her stress? _____ 75. Why do you think so many young people become “city farmers”? _____ 【答案】71. When he was in primary school./When he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. 72. He grows vegetables and fruits./He grows both vegetables and fruits./Vegetables and fruits./Both vegetables and fruits./Both. 73. She thinks it’s a good way to relax and develop patience./It’s a good way to relax and develop patience./It’s relaxing./It’s relaxing to plant a garden./It makes her feel relaxed and patient. 74. She started planting vegetables on her balcony (in 2021)./By planting vegetables on her balcony (in 2021). 75. Planting (vegetables) is now more than just a way to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young./Growing vegetables (and fruits) is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young./Planting (vegetables) brings joy to the lives of the young./Growing vegetables (and fruits) brings joy to the lives of the young. 【解析】 【导语】本文通过两个年轻人在阳台种水果和蔬菜的经历说明：种植正在走进城市，它给年轻人的生活带来了快乐。 【71题详解】 根据“The senior high school student said his love for planting was formed in primary school, when he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. He learned to grow vegetables from his grandpa”可知，他在小学时跟爷爷学种蔬菜，那时他和爷爷住在农村。故填When he was in primary school./When he lived with his grandpa in the countryside. 【72题详解】 根据“He grows strawberries and carrots.”可知，他既种水果也种蔬菜。故填He grows vegetables and fruits./He grows both vegetables and fruits./Vegetables and fruits./Both vegetables and fruits./Both. 【73题详解】 根据“Unlike Zhang, Fang Minke from Shenzhen thinks that planting a garden is a good way to relax and develop patience.”可知，她认为种植可以放松和培养耐心。故填She thinks it’s a good way to relax and develop patience./It’s a good way to relax and develop patience./It’s relaxing./It’s relaxing to plant a garden./It makes her feel relaxed and patient. 【74题详解】 根据“The 16-year-old girl sometimes felt stressed. To deal with this, she started planting vegetables on her balcony in 2021.”可知，她通过在阳台上种菜来缓解压力。故填She started planting vegetables on her balcony (in 2021)./By planting vegetables on her balcony (in 2021). 【75题详解】 根据“Planting vegetables is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young.”可知，种植（水果/蔬菜）不仅仅是为了生活，它还给年轻人带来欢乐，所以他们会在城市里种植。故填Planting (vegetables) is now more than just a way to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young./Growing vegetables (and fruits) is now more than just away to live. It also brings joy to the lives of the young./Planting (vegetables) brings joy to the lives of the young./Growing vegetables (and fruits) brings joy to the lives of the young. （F） “We all have suffered(遭受) from air pollution. If we don’t call for an end to firecrackers(鞭炮), the environment will get worse and worse in the future.” said Zhang Wei. He put up a notice in his neighborhood. In the notice, he called on more people to set off fewer firecrackers during this year’s Spring Festival.① Lots of parents agreed with Zhang Wei. (A) They said that they hated the noise of firecrackers. The noise often woke up their babies easily. And the babies really needed a (B) ____76____ place to have enough sleep. More Chinese are looking forward to celebrating the holiday in greener ways. ②Many people decide not to set off firecrackers and they decide not to waste food. They think that the new ways are fashionable. “My family didn’t buy firecrackers this year. (C) ____77____, we gave the money away to a charity. It’s good for the environment and the charity.” the Internet user “Fighter” wrote on the Blog. In my opinion, it’s very important for us to celebrate our traditional festival—the Spring Festival. But it’s more important to reduce air pollution and protect our environment. ③We need more people like Zhang Wei or “Fighter” who uses electronic ways like QQ, WeChat or Blog to spread the ideas of environmental protection. I believe more and more people will join them and our environment will get better and better. 阅读短文，根据题目要求完成下列任务。 76. 用英文写出文中（A）处They所指代的

内容：_____ 77. 在文中（B）处和（C）处各填上一个适当的词，使文章的意思完整。（B）_____（C）_____ 78. 在文中①②③处，选出能够填入“We had better express our cheerful feeling and best wishes in greener ways.”的最佳位置：_____ 79. 在文中找出一个与所给英文释义相匹配的单词。_____: the process of making air, water, soil etc. dirty or dangerous 80. 请根据文章内容，给此文拟一个恰当的标题：（不超过8个单词）_____ 【答案】76. Lots of parents 77. ①. quiet##peaceful ②. Instead 78. ③ 79. pollution 80. The Spring Festival goes green（greener）/Celebrating the Spring Festival in greener ways（in a greener way）/Celebrating（Having）a greener Spring Festival/Reducing air pollution during（at）the Spring Festival/Protecting our（the）environment during（at）the Spring Festival 【解析】 【导语】本文通过张伟对放鞭炮的看法引出文章主题：我们应该把环境保护放在首位，庆祝春节时减少或者不去燃放烟花爆竹。 【76题详解】 根据“Lots of parents agreed with Zhang Wei. (A) They said that they hated the noise of firecrackers. The noise often woke up their babies easily.”可知，许多父母讨厌鞭炮声，因为那会吵醒婴儿，“They”指代“Lots of parents许多父母”。故填Lots of parents。 【77题详解】 根据“The noise often woke up their babies easily. And the babies really needed a (B) … place to have enough sleep.”和常识可知，婴儿需要在安静的地方睡觉，quiet/peaceful“安静的”，形容词作定语，修饰名词“place”；根据“My family didn’t buy firecrackers this year. (C) …, we gave the money away to a charity.”可知，他们把钱捐了出去，而不是用来买鞭炮，副词instead“相反”符合语境，首字母大写。故填quiet/peaceful；Instead。 【78题详解】 给出的句子与庆祝节日的方式相关，根据最后一段“it’s very important for us to celebrate our traditional festival—the Spring Festival. But it’s more important to reduce air pollution and protect our environment.”可知，此处作者应提出要以环保的方式庆祝春节，“我们最好用更环保的方式表达我们愉快的心情和最美好的祝愿”最适合放在③处。故填③。 【79题详解】 “the process of making air, water, soil etc. dirty or dangerous”意为“使空气、水、土壤等变脏或变危险的过程”，与原文中的pollution“污染”匹配。故填pollution。 【80题详解】 通读全文，尤其是尾段“In my opinion, it’s very important for us to celebrate our traditional festival—the Spring Festival. But it’s more important to reduce air pollution and protect our environment.”可知，作者的目的是让大家以环保的方式庆祝春节，标题与之相关即可。故填The Spring Festival goes green（greener）/Celebrating the Spring Festival in greener ways（in a greener way）/Celebrating（Having）a greener Spring Festival/Reducing air pollution during（at）the Spring Festival/Protecting our（the）environment during（at）the Spring Festival。 第三部分 书面表达（共计15分） VI.书面表达（本题共15分，其中A题5分，B题10分） （注意: 文中不能出现考生真实姓名、校名和老师名，否则不给分） 81. 假如你是李智，请根据表格中的提示写一张请假条，向你的班主任张老师请假。 事由 天数 其他 明天你将要去北京参加游泳比赛（competition） 四天 及时返校，自学错过的课程 要求: 1.字迹工整，表达清楚，语法正确； 2.词数: 30—50词。 Dear Mr. Zhang, _____

_____

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_____

_____ Yours, Li Zhi 【答案】范文: Dear Mr. Zhang, I’m sorry that I can’t go to school tomorrow. I will take part in the swimming competition in Beijing. I want to ask for four days’ leave. I will come back to school in time. Don’t worry about me. I will learn the missing lessons by myself. Thank you! Yours, Li Zhi 【解析】 【详解】[总体分析] ①题材：本文是一个请假条； ②时态：时态为“一般现在时和一般将来时”； ③提示：写作要点已给出，考生应注意不要遗漏，适当增加细节完整表述内容。

[写作步骤] 第一步，因为明天不能上学而感到抱歉； 第二步，讲明请假的原因，请假天数以及回来后课程的安排。 [亮点词汇] ①take part in参加 ②ask for leave请假 ③in time及时 [高分句型] ①I’ m sorry that I can’t go to school tomorrow.（that引导宾语从句） ②Don’t worry about me.（祈使句的否定形式）
82. 为了调动同学们的学习积极性、提高学生的创造力，你的学校正在开展“师生同携手，作业我创新”主题活动，号召同学们设计出自己喜欢的，兼具趣味性、实效性、创新性的课后作业。请你结合英语学科的学习体验，设计三项作业。下面是你的“创新作业设计表”，请根据你自己的完整设计，以“My Homework, My Idea”为题，写一篇短文，阐述你设计的英语作业内容、设计意图和作用。 作业内容 设计意图 作用 Learn an English song To sing it in class Learn more words Draw a mind map To review one’s English notes … … … … 要求： 1.字迹工整，段落清晰，表达清楚，语法正确，行文连贯； 2.要点必须包含所有相关信息，并适当发挥； 3.首段已给出，不计入总词数； 4.词数：80—100词。 My Homework, My Idea As students, we sometimes feel it boring to do homework every day, so doing creative homework can make us happier and more interested in English. _____
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_____ 【答案】例文： My Homework, My Idea As students, we sometimes feel it boring to do homework every day, so doing creative homework can make us happier and more interested in English. I have many good ideas about creative English homework because English is my favorite subject. Firstly, we can learn to sing an English song and sing it in class. In this way, we can learn more words. Secondly, if we draw mind maps to review our English notes, we will remember them well. Thirdly, it’s also proud of us to make a video to introduce our traditional Chinese culture in English. We can post it online so that more foreigners can know about our great country. I hope we can have more creative English homework in the future. 【解析】 【详解】[总体分析] ①题材：本文是一篇材料作文； ②时态：时态以“一般现在时”为主； ③提示：写作要点已给出，应注意不要遗漏“表格”中需要补充的内容，适当添加细节，并突出写作重点。 [写作步骤] 第一步，承接所给开头，引出主题——“我设计的创新性作业”； 第二步，从“作业内容”，“设计意图”和“作用”三方面进行具体介绍。 第三步，总结收尾，表达对“创新性作业”的期待。 [亮点词汇] ①In this way用这种方式 ②mind map思维导图 ③so that因此，以便（引导目的状语从句） [高分句型] ①I have many good ideas about creative English homework because English is my favorite subject.（because引导的原因状语从句） ②Secondly, if we draw mind maps to review our English notes, we will remember them well.（if引导的条件状语从句） ③Thirdly, it’s also proud of us to make a video to introduce our traditional Chinese culture in English.（it作形式主语；to do表目的）

逐题解析

答案定位与考点精讲

1. 【答案】C

分析名词短语结构 → 判断不定冠词 → 根据首字母发音选择 → 得出答案

考点：不定冠词a/an的用法　元音音素开头的单词前用an

2. 【答案】B

分析动词make的搭配 → 识别固定搭配make progress → 排除其他名词 → 得出答案

考点：make progress in 在...方面取得进步　近义词辨析

3. 【答案】C

分析句子主语 → 确定反身代词指代对象 → 根据主语'teenagers'选择 → 得出答案

考点：反身代词与主语一致　主谓一致与指代一致

4. 【答案】A

分析对话逻辑 → 识别关键信息'can't believe it'和'a year' → 推断说话者意图 → 得出答案

考点：推理判断　细节定位与捕捉

5. 【答案】C

分析句子语境 → 识别关键信息'will be the winner' → 选择表示领先的短语 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　近义词辨析

6. 【答案】B

识别固定句型 'the + 比较级..., the + 比较级...' → 根据语境 'The harder you work' 推断对应积极结果 → 选择 'luckier'

考点：the + 比较级..., the + 比较级...　语境选词

7. 【答案】A

识别介词 'to' 后的动词需用动名词形式 → 分析动词 'avoid' 的固定搭配 'avoid doing sth' → 选择 'making'

考点：avoid doing sth　动名词作宾语

8. 【答案】B

分析问句 'Why do the elephants... have to _____?' 的语法结构 → 根据答句 'Because humans there catch them...' 判断大象是被保护的对象 → 选择被动语态 'be protected'

考点：have to + 动词原形　被动语态

9. 【答案】C

分析题干 'a friend who _____ from you is not a true one' 的语义 → 根据 'in trouble' 和 'not a true one' 推断朋友的行为是逃避 → 选择 'runs away'

考点：语境选词　近义词辨析

10. 【答案】A

识别宾语从句引导词 'tell me _____' → 根据答句 'You can take the No. 28 bus there' 判断问句在询问方式 → 选择 'how far' 询问距离

考点：宾语从句语序　特殊疑问词辨析

11. 【答案】B

11 空 因果逻辑定位 → 后文'so they do not want to wait'解释原因 → 选择'busy'（忙碌）
12 空 固定搭配定位 → 'money is spent on sth'为固定搭配 → 选择'is spent'
13 空 逻辑关系定位 → 前文'Yet'表转折 → 后文'fast food has become quite popular'与'many myths'形成让步转折 → 选择'even though'
14 空 固定搭配定位 → 'myths about sth'为固定搭配 → 选择'about'
15 空 语境推理定位 → 后文'This is not true'及罗马历史例子 → 说明快餐不是'新发明' → 选择'invention'
16 空 定位时间状语 'More than 2,000 years' → 根据语境判断时间方向（过去） → 选择表示'以前'的词
17 空 定位主语 'One type of their most popular fast food' → 分析谓语动词与宾语 'a lot like a modern hamburger' 的搭配 → 选择表示'看起来像'的感官动词
18 空 定位第二段主题句 'The second myth is that all fast food is ____' → 根据下文 'While many modern fast-food restaurants are American' 的转折逻辑 → 推断该空应填表示'美国的'的词
19 空 定位主语 'This' 指代前文 'some very traditional Chinese food' → 分析谓语动词与宾语 'mantou, noodles and Chinese dumplings' 的搭配 → 选择表示'包括'的动词
20 空 定位空格前后句子 → 前文说中国食物是快餐，后文举例美国最受欢迎的快餐连锁店之一是中国连锁店 → 判断此处需要表示'事实上/例如'的衔接词
21 空 分析句子结构 → 空格处需作主语指代前文Panda Express → 选择主格代词It
22 空 定位语境'餐厅有健康食物在其_____上' → 结合常识与搭配'on the menu' → 选择menu
23 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句说'有健康食物'，后句说'制作健康食物' → 递进关系 → 选择also
24 空 分析句子逻辑 → '问题不是快餐，_____我们的选择' → 转折对比 → 选择but
25 空 分析句子结构 → 'choose _____ healthy food' → 选择不定式作宾补 → 结合语境'吃' → 选择to eat

考点：语境选词　因果逻辑　动词搭配 spend on　被动语态　状语从句　让步转折逻辑　固定搭配　介词搭配　近义词辨析　时间状语搭配　感官动词辨析　上下文逻辑推断　动词搭配　逻辑衔接词　篇章结构　名词性从句　代词指代　状语从句逻辑　SVO主干　非谓语动词

12. 【答案】A

11 空 因果逻辑定位 → 后文'so they do not want to wait'解释原因 → 选择'busy'（忙碌）
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20 空 定位空格前后句子 → 前文说中国食物是快餐，后文举例美国最受欢迎的快餐连锁店之一是中国连锁店 → 判断此处需要表示'事实上/例如'的衔接词
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考点：语境选词　因果逻辑　动词搭配 spend on　被动语态　状语从句　让步转折逻辑　固定搭配　介词搭配　近义词辨析　时间状语搭配　感官动词辨析　上下文逻辑推断　动词搭配　逻辑衔接词　篇章结构　名词性从句　代词指代　状语从句逻辑　SVO主干　非谓语动词

13. 【答案】B

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考点：语境选词　因果逻辑　动词搭配 spend on　被动语态　状语从句　让步转折逻辑　固定搭配　介词搭配　近义词辨析　时间状语搭配　感官动词辨析　上下文逻辑推断　动词搭配　逻辑衔接词　篇章结构　名词性从句　代词指代　状语从句逻辑　SVO主干　非谓语动词

14. 【答案】C

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考点：语境选词　因果逻辑　动词搭配 spend on　被动语态　状语从句　让步转折逻辑　固定搭配　介词搭配　近义词辨析　时间状语搭配　感官动词辨析　上下文逻辑推断　动词搭配　逻辑衔接词　篇章结构　名词性从句　代词指代　状语从句逻辑　SVO主干　非谓语动词

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15 空 语境推理定位 → 后文'This is not true'及罗马历史例子 → 说明快餐不是'新发明' → 选择'invention'

16 空 定位时间状语 'More than 2,000 years' → 根据语境判断时间方向（过去） → 选择表示'以前'的词
17 空 定位主语 'One type of their most popular fast food' → 分析谓语动词与宾语 'a lot like a modern hamburger' 的搭配 → 选择表示'看起来像'的感官动词
18 空 定位第二段主题句 'The second myth is that all fast food is ____' → 根据下文 'While many modern fast-food restaurants are American' 的转折逻辑 → 推断该空应填表示'美国的'的词
19 空 定位主语 'This' 指代前文 'some very traditional Chinese food' → 分析谓语动词与宾语 'mantou, noodles and Chinese dumplings' 的搭配 → 选择表示'包括'的动词
20 空 定位空格前后句子 → 前文说中国食物是快餐，后文举例美国最受欢迎的快餐连锁店之一是中国连锁店 → 判断此处需要表示'事实上/例如'的衔接词
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24 空 分析句子逻辑 → '问题不是快餐，_____我们的选择' → 转折对比 → 选择but
25 空 分析句子结构 → 'choose _____ healthy food' → 选择不定式作宾补 → 结合语境'吃' → 选择to eat

考点：语境选词　因果逻辑　动词搭配 spend on　被动语态　状语从句　让步转折逻辑　固定搭配　介词搭配　近义词辨析　时间状语搭配　感官动词辨析　上下文逻辑推断　动词搭配　逻辑衔接词　篇章结构　名词性从句　代词指代　状语从句逻辑　SVO主干　非谓语动词

19. 【答案】B

11 空 因果逻辑定位 → 后文'so they do not want to wait'解释原因 → 选择'busy'（忙碌）
12 空 固定搭配定位 → 'money is spent on sth'为固定搭配 → 选择'is spent'
13 空 逻辑关系定位 → 前文'Yet'表转折 → 后文'fast food has become quite popular'与'many myths'形成让步转折 → 选择'even though'
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21. 【答案】C

11 空 因果逻辑定位 → 后文'so they do not want to wait'解释原因 → 选择'busy'（忙碌）
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考点：语境选词　因果逻辑　动词搭配 spend on　被动语态　状语从句　让步转折逻辑　固定搭配　介词搭配　近义词辨析　时间状语搭配　感官动词辨析　上下文逻辑推断　动词搭配　逻辑衔接词　篇章结构　名词性从句　代词指代　状语从句逻辑　SVO主干　非谓语动词

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考点：语境选词　因果逻辑　动词搭配 spend on　被动语态　状语从句　让步转折逻辑　固定搭配　介词搭配　近义词辨析　时间状语搭配　感官动词辨析　上下文逻辑推断　动词搭配　逻辑衔接词　篇章结构　名词性从句　代词指代　状语从句逻辑　SVO主干　非谓语动词

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19 空 定位主语 'This' 指代前文 'some very traditional Chinese food' → 分析谓语动词与宾语 'mantou, noodles and Chinese dumplings' 的搭配 → 选择表示'包括'的动词
20 空 定位空格前后句子 → 前文说中国食物是快餐，后文举例美国最受欢迎的快餐连锁店之一是中国连锁店 → 判断此处需要表示'事实上/例如'的衔接词
21 空 分析句子结构 → 空格处需作主语指代前文Panda Express → 选择主格代词It
22 空 定位语境'餐厅有健康食物在其_____上' → 结合常识与搭配'on the menu' → 选择menu
23 空 分析前后句逻辑关系 → 前句说'有健康食物'，后句说'制作健康食物' → 递进关系 → 选择also
24 空 分析句子逻辑 → '问题不是快餐，_____我们的选择' → 转折对比 → 选择but
25 空 分析句子结构 → 'choose _____ healthy food' → 选择不定式作宾补 → 结合语境'吃' → 选择to eat

考点：语境选词　因果逻辑　动词搭配 spend on　被动语态　状语从句　让步转折逻辑　固定搭配　介词搭配　近义词辨析　时间状语搭配　感官动词辨析　上下文逻辑推断　动词搭配　逻辑衔接词　篇章结构　名词性从句　代词指代　状语从句逻辑　SVO主干　非谓语动词

26. 【答案】B

定位语篇中关于瑜伽练习的描述 → 对比题干陈述 → 判断题干信息在语篇中无依据

考点：细节定位与捕捉

27. 【答案】A

定位语篇中关于瑜伽练习的描述 → 对比题干陈述 → 判断题干信息在语篇中无依据

考点：细节定位与捕捉

28. 【答案】C

定位语篇中关于瑜伽练习的描述 → 对比题干陈述 → 判断题干信息在语篇中无依据 → 结合常识推断最可能的标题

考点：细节定位与捕捉　推理判断

29. 【答案】A

定位首句 → 提取时间信息（1980s）与事件（discovery of DNA information） → 与题干陈述一致

考点：细节定位与捕捉

30. 【答案】B

定位第二段专家观点 → 提取指纹能显示的信息（lifestyle, environment, eating habits, medical problems, job） → 对比题干（looks and lifestyle）发现信息不匹配

考点：细节定位与捕捉

31. 【答案】B

定位第四段 → 提取关键信息（Most fingerprints can’t be seen to the eye and require a chemical development process） → 与题干陈述（easily see all... without technology）相悖

考点：细节定位与捕捉

32. 【答案】B

定位第五段 → 提取指纹检查的用途（may be helpful, may also tell a doctor whether a patient is properly taking medicine） → 对比题干（can know about patients just through...）发现表述过于绝对

考点：细节定位与捕捉

33. 【答案】A
定位末段 → 提取未来应用（can be used by the police and help doctors） → 与题干陈述（can still make a difference）进行同义替换
考点：细节定位与捕捉

34. 【答案】B
定位题干关键词 → 在语篇中寻找对应步骤描述 → 匹配选项B的同义表达
考点：细节定位与捕捉

35. 【答案】A
定位题干关键词 → 在语篇中寻找步骤数量描述 → 匹配选项A的数字
考点：细节定位与捕捉

36. 【答案】C
定位题干关键词 → 在语篇中寻找前四步所需工具描述 → 匹配选项C的否定项
考点：细节定位与捕捉

37. 【答案】B
定位题干关键词 → 在语篇中寻找马克笔用途描述 → 匹配选项B的同义表达
考点：细节定位与捕捉

38. 【答案】A
定位题干关键词 → 在语篇中寻找艺术俱乐部活动期间可能制作的姿势描述 → 匹配选项A的同义表达
考点：细节定位与捕捉

39. 【答案】When he was a child.
定位时间状语从句 → 提取“When he was a child” → 直接作答
考点：细节定位与捕捉

40. 【答案】Vegetables.
定位选择疑问句 → 提取“Vegetables” → 直接作答
考点：细节定位与捕捉

41. 【答案】It is a good way to deal with stress.
定位观点表达句 → 提取“It is a good way to deal with stress” → 直接作答
考点：细节定位与捕捉

42. 【答案】By planting a garden.
定位方式状语 → 提取“By planting a garden” → 直接作答
考点：细节定位与捕捉

43. 【答案】Because they want to live a healthier and…
定位原因询问句 → 提取“Planting” → 直接作答
考点：推理判断

44. 【答案】Lots of parents

定位代词They → 向前寻找最近的复数名词短语 → 确定指代对象为Lots of parents

考点：指代与衔接

45. 【答案】③

分析句子逻辑关系 → 判断插入句与前后文的衔接 → 确定最佳位置

考点：句子逻辑衔接　上下文连贯性

46. 【答案】pollution

理解英文释义 → 在文章中定位对应概念 → 匹配目标单词

考点：词义理解　语境匹配

47. 【答案】Green Ways to Celebrate Festivals

通读全文 → 提炼核心主题 → 概括为简洁标题

考点：主旨概括　标题拟定

48. 【答案】阅读以上信息，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。 56. First…

考生需根据题目要求，组织一篇结构清晰、语言得体的短文，合理运用句式变化和语境词汇。

考点：谋篇布局　句式变化与复杂句构建　语境选词

49. 【答案】阅读以上信息，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。 56. First…

根据提示信息（事由、天数、其他要求）组织成一封简短的请假条，需正确使用SVO主干结构、一般将来时和定语从句来清晰表达。

考点：SVO主干结构　一般将来时　定语从句