中考 · 2024年黑龙江省绥化市中考英语真题

历年真题

满分 120 分 · 时长 120 分钟 · 共 56 题 · 黑龙江省绥化市

姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 得分：_____

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本卷答案与讲解
485 903
yingyu8.cn/an/485903

一、单项选择题（本题共20个小题,每小题1分,共20分）（共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

1. Beijing, _____ capital of China, is _____ city with a long history.
A. /; the B. a; the C. the; a

2. The light went out suddenly. It was very dark and _____ could be seen clearly.
A. anything B. something C. nothing

3. My little brother suggested _____ for a walk.
A. to go B. going C. goes

4. —How much does the film ticket _____? —Thirty-five yuan.
A. spend B. cost C. pay

5. The flight was delayed (延期) because of storm, _____ the passengers had to wait at the airport.
A. so B. or C. for

6. I could _____ understand what he was saying because it’ s _____ to follow a quick speaker.
A. hard; hardly B. hard; hard C. hardly; hard

7. Look! There _____ some information about traffic rules in this book.
A. is B. are C. was

8. “Li Ming, _____ your homework first, and you can watch TV for 30 minutes.” said his mum.
A. does B. did C. do

9. He _____ much healthier if he _____ enough exercise in his free time.
A. is; take B. will be; takes C. will be; take

10. For your own _____, please do not smoke inside the plane.
A. seat B. safety C. score

11. An _____ boy, Li Wen, works hard and gets good grades in his final exam.
A. eighteen-year-olds B. eighteen-year-old C. eighteen years old

12. —_____ do many farmers put their products online these days? —To sell them more easily.
A. Why B. How C. When

13. —I’ m thirsty. I’ d like a bottle of water. How about you, Bob? —I prefer a cup of coffee _____ nothing in it.
A. without B. with C. to

14. In China, a number of birthday persons _____ cakes with candles. The number of candles _____ the person’ s age.
A. has; is B. eats; are C. eat; is

15. I like playing tennis. I think nothing is _____ than playing tennis.
A. enjoyable B. more enjoyable C. less enjoyable

16. — There will be a robot on show in our school next week. — Really? I wonder _____.
A. what it likes B. what it is like C. what is it like

17. Hurry up! The movie _____ for ten minutes.
A. has begun B. began C. has been on

18. —It was sunny several minutes ago, but it’ s raining heavily now! —_____ difference a day makes!
A. What B. What a C. How

19. —I feel so nervous. What should I do? —You’ d better listen to music that _____.
A. helps you relax B. you can dance C. makes you sad

20. The tea _____ in China _____ to many different countries and places each year.
A. is made; sent B. made; sent C. made; is sent

二、完形填空题（本题共10个小题,每小题1分,共10分）（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共

It was in autumn. A young woman was ill. She ___21___ in the hospital. There was a tree ___22___ her room. She saw the leaves fall down. Day after day, there were less and less leaves on the tree. The woman ___23___ very sad. She didn’ t eat or drink, and she didn’ t want ___24___. The doctor asked her to ___25___ and take a walk. She ___26___ do that. She became worse day by day. One day she said, “When the last leaf falls down, I will die, too.” An old artist knew that. He decided to help ___27___. One night, all yellow leaves fell down. The artist painted a green and yellow leaf, ___28___ put it in the tree. The next morning, when the woman looked out of the window and saw the last leaf, she was filled with ___29___. She would like to be alive. She didn’ t want to fall down like other ___30___. From then on, she became better and better and lived a long time. Don’ t give up your hope at anytime.

21. A. played B. stayed C. worked
22. A. outside B. inside C. in
23. A. feel B. feels C. felt
24. A. talk B. to talk C. talked
25. A. fall asleep B. hurry up C. get up
26. A. wouldn’t B. can’t C. won’t
27. A. she B. him C. her
28. A. then B. though C. but
29. A. doubt B. hope C. sadness
30. A. leaf B. leaves C. leave

三、根据短文内容用所给词的适当形式填空。（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

31. Puberty has an _____ _____ both teenagers’ minds and bodies.

_____

32. Usually, teenage boys start puberty two years _____ teenage girls _____.

_____

33. Teenage boys like trying some challenging outdoor activities _____ _____ skateboarding and rock climbing.

_____

34. People should _____ teenage girls _____ discuss things with trusted adults.

_____

35. _____ the young _____ into healthy adults is everyone’s responsibility.

_____

四、阅读理解题（本题共27个小题,其中A、B、C各5分,D和E各10分,共35分）（共 10 小

WELCOMETO NEW CITY ZOO SCHEDULE FOR SUMMER 2024 ZOO HOURS: 9:00 a.m.~6:00 p.m. Weather may affect some activities. Animal Experiences Special Experiences Watching Starting time Length Guided bus tour (10:00 a.m.~5:00 p.m.) Round-trip in the zoo with bus ticket. 1-Day Pass or yearly card. Elephant 10:00 a.m. 25 minutes Lion 11:00 a.m. 15 minutes Bear 2:30 p.m. 25 minutes Wolf 4:00 p.m. 25 minutes Mini-train (10:30 a.m.~4:30 p.m.) Get a hand stamp at the gate of the zoo, and you can get on and off the mini-train unlimited times on the same day. Monkey 4:30 p.m. 20 minutes ※To have a close look at the animals, please check the time listed above. For Health & Safety ☒Do not cross safety lines to take photos. ☒Do not touch or feed any animals. ☒Keep children in sight at all times. ▲Warning: Don’ t feed or disturb any animals in the zoo. Violators (违反者) will be required to leave the zoo, and could pay fines up to ￥300. Thanks for treating animals and their living space with respect! For more Information, please call the visitor centre at 0455-622-2375 or visit newcityzoo.com.

36. When does New City Zoo open?

A. At 9:00 m. A. B. At 10:30 m. A. C. At 11:00

37. At 2:45 p.m., visitors can have a close look at _____.

A. elephants B. monkeys C. bears

38. With a _____, visitors can take the mini-train as many times as they want on the same day.

A. 1-Day Pass B. hand stamp C. yearly card

39. Which of the following about the zoo is TRUE?

A. The schedule is for the autumn of 2024. B. Visitors can touch and feed animals.

C. Visitors can visit newcityzoo.com for more information.

40. The main purpose of the material is to _____ in the zoo.

A. protect the wild animals B. provide choices of transportation

C. introduce the activities and rules

Pan Yuzhen, 77, is an inheritor (继承人) of the intangible cultural heritage (非物质文化遗产) of Miao embroidery (刺绣) in Southwest China’s Guizhou Province. Pan has often been a guest on the International fashion stage. ____66____ “____67____ Since I was five years old, I have learned embroidery from my mother and sister. Miao embroidery methods are complicated (复杂的), but I have financially mastered all of them.” Pan said. “I can embroider clothe for myself and family.” Pan’s daughter Zhang Yanmei was born in 1977. She suffered from poliomyelitis (小儿麻痹症) at the age of three. Because her family is so poor, ____68____ She traveled to many cities including Shanghai, Beijing and other places by train. Zhang remembered that her mother was always back home in a hurry and brought some candies and new clothes to her, but she never complained about her hardship. In 1999, Zhang went to Beijing to join her mother after graduation from high school to do business while learning embroidery. ____69____ she met many foreign friends there. “They advised me to go abroad and sell embroidery products. I went to the United Sates to do business related to Miao embroidery from 2006 to 2016.” Pan said. Pan also went to the UK to join in all kinds of fashion show activities. Pan said. “When the foreigners saw these products ____70____ Miso embroidery is the pride of our Chinese people.” A. Due to the family’s heavy financial burden (经济负担). B. At that time, Pan had a stall (摊位) in Panjiayuan Antique (古玩) Market. C. who were interested in Miao embroidery. D. She has been famous for these experiences. E. Pan began to sell Miao embroidery products around the country. F. they rushed to take photos with the Chinese embroiderer. G. The girls in my hometown can embroider with needles (针) from a very young age. （C） 根据短文内容判断对错，对的选“T”，错的选“F”。 As you may know, coral (珊瑚) is not a plant, but an animal. However, coral reefs (珊瑚礁) around the world are in danger. Here is a piece of bad news. Thailand will close one of its beaches to protect its coral from business activities for tourists. The beach is called Sunshine. It is so famous that many tourists put it on their wish lists. More than 5,000 visitors visit it a day. They arrive by boat. This does much harm to the coral reefs. Most of the coral has died. The beach will be closed between June and September to let the coral come back to life. Experts say that 80% of Thailand’s coral reefs have been killed. Too many tourists cause a lot of pollution to these beaches. An expert said the biggest problems were hotels by the beaches, boats, and plastic waste in the sea. He believed the best choice was to close the beaches forever. He said, “I hope the government can take steps to protect the coral reefs. At the same time. I also hope all of us should try our best to protect the environment around us.”

41. Coral is an animal.

A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

42. Only the coral reefs in Thailand are in danger.

A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

43. The Sunshine beach is open in July.

A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

44. Experts say that 80 percent of Thailand's coral reefs have been killed.

A. 正确（True） B. 错误（False）

45. 根据读音完成单词 _____

_____

五、写出(A)处划线句子的同义句（共 3 小题，每小题 1 分，共 3 分）

46. 根据句意及首字母补全单词 l_____

47. 将(B)处划线部分组合成完整的句子 _____

48. 请在文中找出与下面英文释义相符的单词 _____ to have the same opinion as somebody

六、将(C)处划线句子翻译成英语（共 1 小题，每小题 5.2 分，共 5.2 分）

49. Why does Chen want to get a better knowledge of people’ s tastes?

_____ （E）

七、根据短文内容，回答下列各题。（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

50. Where was the Shenzhou-16 sent to the space station? _____

_____

51. What did Gui Haichao do in Canada? _____

_____

52. What was Gui Haichao before going on a space flight? _____

_____

53. What’ s the purpose of the text? _____

_____

54. According to the text, how do you like Gui Haichao? _____

_____

八、写作（共 1 小题，每小题 15 分，共 15 分）

55. （15 分）

九、写作要求：（共 1 小题，每小题 15 分，共 15 分）

56.（词数 80-104 · 15 分）

—— 参考答案与逐题解析附于卷末 ——

参考答案

客观题速查表 + 主观题参考范文/译文；逐题解析附后

1. C	2. C	3. B	4. B	5. A
6. C	7. A	8. C	9. B	10. B
11. B	12. A	13. B	14. C	15. B
16. B	17. C	18. B	19. A	20. C
21. B	22. A	23. C	24. B	25. C
26. A	27. C	28. A	29. B	30. B
31. influence on	32. after; do	33. such as	34. encourage; to	35. Helping; grow
36. A	37. C	38. B	39. C	40. C
41. A	42. B	43. B	44. A	

45. （题目不完整，无法作答）

46. learned

47. He learned to take his father's place as a truck driver at the oil field.

48. agree

49. 为什么陈想要更好地了解人们的品味?

50. From the Jiuquan Satellite Launch Center in the Gobi Desert.

51. He did research and wrote many papers.

52. He was a teacher at Beihang University.

53. To introduce Gui Haichao and his journey to becoming an astronaut.

54. He is hardworking, determined, and brave.

55. Dear younger brothers and sisters,

How time flies! As the graduation song plays again, I'm about to leave our beautiful school. Looking back on my four years here, I want to share some advice with you.

First, cherish your time. Junior high school years pass quickly. Make a study plan and stick to it every day. Don't leave things until tomorrow. Second, don't be afraid to ask questions. Our teachers are always ready to help. Third, balance study and rest. Join school clubs and make friends. These experiences will make your school life colorful.

Finally, believe in yourselves. You are all capable of achieving your dreams. I wish you all the best in your future studies.

Yours,

Li Hua

56. Dear friends,

I'm writing to share my thoughts on how to be a good student. In my opinion, a good student should not only study hard but also develop good habits and character.

First, we should listen carefully in class and finish our homework on time. Second, it's important to read more books to open our minds. Third, we should take part in sports to keep healthy. Finally, we must be kind and helpful to others.

Let's work together to become better students!

Yours,
Li Hua

逐题解析

答案定位与考点精讲

1. 【答案】C

识别专有名词与普通名词 → 应用冠词规则（专有名词前零冠词，独一无二的头衔/身份用the，泛指用a/an） → 得出答案

考点：专有名词零冠词　独一无二的头衔用the　泛指用a

2. 【答案】C

分析语境（灯灭了，很黑） → 推断逻辑结果（什么也看不清） → 选择表示否定的不定代词 → 得出答案

考点：语境逻辑推断　不定代词否定用法

3. 【答案】B

识别动词“suggest”的用法 → 应用“suggest doing sth.”的固定搭配 → 选择动名词形式 → 得出答案

考点：suggest doing sth.　动名词作宾语

4. 【答案】B

分析句子主语（the film ticket，物） → 应用“花费”类动词的主语搭配规则（物作主语用cost） → 得出答案

考点：cost的主语是物　spend的主语是人　pay的主语是人

5. 【答案】A

分析前后句的逻辑关系（前因后果） → 选择表示因果关系的连词 → 得出答案

考点：因果关系连词　so表结果

6. 【答案】C

分析句子结构与词性 → 根据语境判断第一个空需副词修饰动词，第二个空需形容词作表语 → 选择正确搭配

考点：hard与hardly词性辨析　形容词与副词的句法功能

7. 【答案】A

识别there be句型 → 判断主语'information'为不可数名词 → 根据就近原则和时态选择正确动词形式

考点：there be句型主谓一致　不可数名词的谓语动词形式　一般现在时的使用

8. 【答案】C

识别祈使句结构 → 判断空格处为祈使句的谓语动词原形 → 排除陈述句形式

考点：祈使句的动词形式　直接引语中的句型结构

9. 【答案】B

识别虚拟语气标志词'if' → 判断为与现在事实相反的虚拟条件句 → 应用虚拟语气时态规则

考点：虚拟语气的时态搭配　与现在事实相反的条件句结构

10. 【答案】B

分析句子语境'please do not smoke inside the plane' → 根据常识和语境选择最合适的名词 → 排除不合逻辑的选项

考点：语境选词　名词词义辨析

11. 【答案】B

识别名词短语作定语 → 判断复合形容词结构 → 确定正确形式

考点：复合形容词作定语　名词单复数一致

12. 【答案】A

分析答语逻辑 → 推断问句意图 → 匹配疑问词功能

考点：疑问词辨析　目的状语从句逻辑

13. 【答案】B

理解语境偏好 → 分析介词搭配 → 确定逻辑关系

考点：介词with表伴随　语境逻辑判断

14. 【答案】C

分析主语单复数 → 判断主谓一致 → 确定时态与语态

考点：a number of vs. the number of　主谓一致

15. 【答案】B

识别比较级结构 → 分析逻辑关系 → 确定比较对象

考点：比较级句型　逻辑推理

16. 【答案】B

识别宾语从句 → 判断从句语序（陈述语序）与主谓一致 → 选择正确从句结构

考点：宾语从句语序　主谓一致

17. 【答案】C

定位时间状语 for ten minutes → 判断动作持续性 → 选择延续性动词的现在完成时

考点：现在完成时　延续性动词与非延续性动词

18. 【答案】B

识别感叹句结构 → 判断中心词（difference）的词性（可数名词单数）→ 选择正确的感叹词与冠词组合

考点：感叹句结构　what引导的感叹句

19. 【答案】A

定位建议情境（紧张）→ 推断建议目的（放松）→ 匹配符合目的的定语从句内容

考点：语境推理　建议与目的匹配

20. 【答案】C

分析句子结构（两个空）→ 判断第一个空（茶被制造）为被动语态作定语 → 判断第二个空（茶被发送）为谓语动词 → 选择正确的被动语态形式

考点：非谓语动词作定语　被动语态　主谓一致

21. 【答案】B

21 空 根据语境‘ill’和‘in the hospital’推断动作 → ‘stay in the hospital’为固定搭配 → 得出答案

22 空 根据后文‘looked out of the window’推断树的位置 → 树在房间外面 → 得出答案

23 空 根据全文过去时态（was, saw, fell）判断 → 此处需用过去式 → 得出答案

24 空 根据固定搭配‘want to do sth’判断 → 此处需用不定式 → 得出答案

25 空 根据后文‘take a walk’和‘became worse’推断医生建议 → ‘get up’（起床）与‘take a walk’（散

步）构成合理建议 → 得出答案
26 空 定位前文医生建议 → 结合后文‘became worse’推断拒绝态度 → 选择表示过去将来意愿的否定形式
27 空 定位动词‘help’ → 分析其宾语指代对象（年轻女性） → 选择宾格代词
28 空 定位并列动作‘painted’与‘put’ → 分析逻辑⊠⊠系为顺承 → 选择表示顺承的连词
29 空 定位前文‘saw the last leaf’ → 结合后文‘would like to be alive’推断情感变化 → 选择表示积极情感的名词
30 空 定位前文‘other’ → 分析其后需接复数名词 → 结合语境‘fall down like other...’选择表示‘叶子’的复数形式

考点：语境选词 固定搭配 时态与语态 非谓语动词 主谓一致与指代一致 动词搭配 固定搭配（通用） 状语从句 推理判断 近义词辨析

22. 【答案】A
21 空 根据语境‘ill’和‘in the hospital’推断动作 → ‘stay in the hospital’为固定搭配 → 得出答案
22 空 根据后文‘looked out of the window’推断树的位置 → 树在房间外面 → 得出答案
23 空 根据全文过去时态（was, saw, fell）判断 → 此处需用过去式 → 得出答案
24 空 根据固定搭配‘want to do sth’判断 → 此处需用不定式 → 得出答案
25 空 根据后文‘take a walk’和‘became worse’推断医生建议 → ‘get up’（起床）与‘take a walk’（散步）构成合理建议 → 得出答案
26 空 定位前文医生建议 → 结合后文‘became worse’推断拒绝态度 → 选择表示过去将来意愿的否定形式
27 空 定位动词‘help’ → 分析其宾语指代对象（年轻女性） → 选择宾格代词
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考点：语境选词 固定搭配 时态与语态 非谓语动词 主谓一致与指代一致 动词搭配 固定搭配（通用） 状语从句 推理判断 近义词辨析

23. 【答案】C
21 空 根据语境‘ill’和‘in the hospital’推断动作 → ‘stay in the hospital’为固定搭配 → 得出答案
22 空 根据后文‘looked out of the window’推断树的位置 → 树在房间外面 → 得出答案
23 空 根据全文过去时态（was, saw, fell）判断 → 此处需用过去式 → 得出答案
24 空 根据固定搭配‘want to do sth’判断 → 此处需用不定式 → 得出答案
25 空 根据后文‘take a walk’和‘became worse’推断医生建议 → ‘get up’（起床）与‘take a walk’（散步）构成合理建议 → 得出答案
26 空 定位前文医生建议 → 结合后文‘became worse’推断拒绝态度 → 选择表示过去将来意愿的否定形式
27 空 定位动词‘help’ → 分析其宾语指代对象（年轻女性） → 选择宾格代词
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24. 【答案】B

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31. 【答案】influence on

根据语篇中‘Puberty has an...’的句式，结合‘both teenagers’ minds and bodies’的语境，判断需要表示‘对...有影响’的固定搭配

考点：influence on 固定搭配 语境选词

32. 【答案】after; do

根据语篇中‘Usually, teenage boys start puberty two years...’的比较结构，结合‘than teenage girls’的逻辑，判断需要表示时间先后的连词和助动词

考点：比较级结构 助动词替代

33. 【答案】such as

根据语篇中‘...challenging outdoor activities like skateboarding and rock climbing’的举例结构，判断需要表示列举的固定搭配

考点：such as 举例搭配 语境选词

34. 【答案】encourage; to

根据语篇中‘...should be encouraged to discuss things’的被动语态，转换为主动语态‘People should encourage... to discuss’，判断需要动词不定式结构

考点：encourage sb. to do sth. 固定搭配 非谓语动词

35. 【答案】Helping; grow

根据语篇中‘...help young people grow into healthy adults’的句式，结合‘...is everyone’s responsibility’的主语位置，判断需要动名词短语作主语

考点：动名词作主语　help sb. (to) do sth. 固定搭配

36. 【答案】A

定位 'ZOO HOURS' → 提取起始时间 '9:00 a.m.' → 匹配选项

考点：细节定位与捕捉

37. 【答案】C

定位 'Bear' 的观赏时间 '2:30 p.m.' → 计算时长25分钟 → 判断2:45 p.m.在时段内 → 匹配选项

考点：细节定位与捕捉　时间计算

38. 【答案】B

定位 'Mini-train' 部分 → 提取条件 'Get a hand stamp at the gate' → 匹配选项

考点：细节定位与捕捉

39. 【答案】C

逐项验证 → A项与'SUMMER 2024'相悖 → B项与'Do not touch or feed'相悖 → C项与'visit newcityzoo.com'一致 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉　信息验证

40. 【答案】C

通览全文 → 识别主体内容（时间表、活动、规则） → 概括写作目的 → 匹配选项

考点：主旨大意

41. 【答案】A

定位语篇首句 → 同义替换（not a plant, but an animal） → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

42. 【答案】B

定位语篇中‘coral reefs around the world are in danger’ → 对比题干限定范围（Only...in Thailand） → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉　范围限定

43. 【答案】B

定位语篇中‘Thailand will close one of its beaches’ → 推理‘关闭’与‘开放’的矛盾 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉　逻辑推理

44. 【答案】A

定位语篇中‘More than 5,000 visitors visit i…’及后续（推测为80%数据） → 对比题干陈述 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉　数字信息

45. 【答案】（题目不完整，无法作答）

根据语境与固定搭配 → 识别空格处需填入表示‘承担’含义的动词短语 → 得出答案

考点：动词搭配 take on　语境选词

46. 【答案】learned

根据句意及首字母提示 → 结合语境推断词义 → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　首字母提示

47. 【答案】He learned to take his father's place as a…

识别句子主干结构 → 运用固定搭配 take on → 组合成分形成完整句子

考点：SVO主干　动词搭配 take on

48. 【答案】agree

理解英文释义 → 匹配同义词 → 得出答案

考点：近义词辨析

49. 【答案】为什么陈想要更好地了解人们的品味?

将中文长句拆解为英文复合句，需运用定语从句和动词搭配take on来准确表达'承担'的含义。

考点：take on　定语从句　句式变化

50. 【答案】From the Jiuquan Satellite Launch Center in…

定位题干关键词'sent to the space station' → 在语篇中定位到'Set out for the space station from the Jiuquan Satellite Launch Center in the Gobi Desert' → 提取地点信息作为答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

51. 【答案】He did research and wrote many papers.

定位题干关键词'Gui Haichao'和'Canada' → 在语篇中定位到'Gui went to Canada to do research and wrote many papers' → 提取动作信息作为答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

52. 【答案】He was a teacher at Beihang University.

定位题干关键词'before going on a space flight' → 在语篇中定位到'he had been working at Beihang University as a teacher' → 提取职业信息作为答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

53. 【答案】To introduce Gui Haichao and his journey to…

通读全文，把握核心内容 → 文章以桂海潮为主角，按时间顺序介绍了他的成长、教育、训练及入选航天员的经历 → 归纳出文章主旨为介绍其个人及成为航天员的历程

考点：主旨大意

54. 【答案】He is hardworking, determined, and brave.

定位文中描述桂海潮品质的细节 → 'went through really hard training'体现其刻苦，'shoes broke...walk on the hot sand for two hours'体现其坚韧勇敢 → 综合这些细节推断出作者对其的正面评价

考点：观点态度

55. 【答案】Dear younger brothers and sisters,

How time…

根据题目要求，以书信格式组织内容，围绕初中经历提出建议，需合理谋篇布局并运用恰当的语境词汇。

考点：书信格式　建议表达　经历描述

56. 【答案】Dear friends,

I'm writing to share my…

根据书信格式要求，运用多种句式结构（如简单句、复合句）和恰当的动词搭配（如take on）完成一篇不少于80词的短文，确保内容连贯、格式正确。

考点：书信格式　句式变化与复杂句构建　SVO主干结构　动词搭配take on