中考 · 2025年四川省广安市中考英语真题

历年真题

满分 92 分 · 时长 120 分钟 · 共 37 题 · 四川省广安市

姓名：_____ 班级：_____ 得分：_____

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本卷答案与讲解
606 651
yingyu8.cn/an/606651

一、第一节 短文填空（共5小题，每小题2分，共10分）（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共

阅读下面短文，从方框内的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并将其选项转涂到答题卡上的相应位置。 A. For example B. get close to C. Millions of D. talk about E. places of interest Hello, everyone. I’ m Li Hua. I’ m going to ___1___ my hometown to you. It’ s a wonderful place. There are many ___2___. You can visit Rose Island, Stone Forest and so on. Here you can ___3___ nature. What’ s more, there are many kinds of delicious food. ___4___, you can try the sweet duck and fried fish. It will be a great pity if you miss the food. My hometown is developing fast these years and becoming more and more beautiful. ___5___ people come and visit it every year. That’ s all. Thank you for listening.

1. 第一节 短文填空

_____

2. 第一节 短文填空

_____

3. 第一节 短文填空

_____

4. 第一节 短文填空

_____

5. 第一节 短文填空

_____

二、第二节 完形填空（共10小题，每小题1分，共10分）（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共

先通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳选项，并将其选项转涂到答题卡上的相应位置。 Once a fisherman (渔夫) asked a young man to paint (给……上油漆) his boat. While painting, the young man found a small ___6___ in the boat. The young man didn’t tell the hole to the fisherman and just fixed it by ___7___. After finishing his work, the young man got his money and then ___8___. A month later, the fisherman ___9___ in front of the painter’s house. ___10___ the painter’s surprise, the fisherman gave him some money again. The painter said, “You have already given me the money for painting the boat, sir.” The fisherman said, “This time, the money is not for painting the boat, but for ___11___ the hole in the boat. I forgot the hole when I asked you to paint the boat. Then, my son took the boat for a fishing trip. After he left, I suddenly remembered the hole and I felt so ___12___. I tried to call him, ___13___ he didn’t answer. Luckily, thanks to your kindness (善举), my son came back ___14___. You saved my son’s ___15___.” Sometimes, the smallest act of kindness may mean a lot to other people. So it’s important to be kind and helpful. ___6___

A. picture B. flower C. hole D. basket

6. A. picture B. flower C. hole D. basket
7. A. itself B. himself C. herself D. myself
8. A. left B. refused C. answered D. threw
9. A. went B. appeared C. hid D. lay
10. A. At B. Of C. For D. To
11. A. passing B. finishing C. fixing D. digging
12. A. worried B. tired C. bored D. excited
13. A. so B. but C. or D. because
14. A. sadly B. politely C. angrily D. safely
15. A. life B. work C. fish D. trip

三、第一节 阅读理解（共20小题，每小题2分，共40分）（共 20 小题，每小题 2 分，共

阅读下列语篇，从各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项，并将其选项转涂到答题卡上的相应位置。 A Club Members Wanted This term, here are some clubs for you to join! You can choose to join: Reading Cooking Singing Drawing Photography Football ·The teachers in the clubs are excellent. They will teach you more knowledge and skills. ·There are only a few spaces(名额)for each club. Sign up (报名) early to get your first choice! Time: March 3rd: 9:00 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Place: the Students’ Center For more information, please call Mrs Green at 998-666.

16. You can’ t choose to join the _____ Club this term.

A. Reading B. Drawing C. Football D. Running

17. What do you know about the clubs?

A. There are three clubs in all. B. There are excellent teachers.

C. There are many spaces for each club. D. The teachers teach a little knowledge.

18. You can sign up to join the club at _____ on March 3rd.

A. 8:30 m. A. B. 3:00 p.m. C. 5:00 p.m. D. 9:00 p.m.

19. If you want to know more information about the clubs, you can _____.

A. write a letter B. send an email C. listen to the radio D. make a call

20. You can most probably read the text from _____.

A. a school website
B. a travel magazine
C. a science book
D. a storybook B Recently, a video has caught many people’ s eyes. In the video, a man is introducing Shanghai in English. He wears his uniform(制服)and smiles confidently. He is a city cleaner in Shanghai, China. His name is Li Zhonghua. Many people watched this video and felt amazed. They wanted to know why he could speak English so well. Li Zhonghua was born in a village in 1975. He didn’ t learn English before he went to Shanghai in 2019. His interest in learning English started in 2020. One day, a foreign friend asked him for help, but Li Zhonghua didn’ t know what he was talking. After that, he decided to learn English. He studied it after work. He used the surroundings(环境)to improve his English vocabulary. Now, he has known more than 3,500 English words. He is very well-known for his spirit to learn English. More and more common people begin to learn from him. He sets a good example for them. “The most important thing in learning English is persistence. That means keeping learning and never giving up.” He said. “English is important and useful. It is like a bridge that connects people from different countries.” he added. He uses English to introduce Shanghai to foreign friends and help them know more about China. Li Zhonghua’ s efforts don’ t stop there. He will continue to learn English. He plans to learn a different foreign language in the future.

21. What does Li Zhonghua do?

A. A teacher. B. An actor. C. A cleaner. D. A waiter.

22. When did Li Zhonghua learn English?

A. In 1975. B. In 2019. C. During his work. D. After work.

23. The underlined word “persistence” means _____ in Chinese.

A. 毅力 B. 机会 C. 责任 D. 自信

24. What does Li Zhonghua think of English?

A. It is important but not useful.

B. It can’ t connect people from different countries.

C. It helps foreigners to know more about China.

D. It can’ t help him introduce Shanghai to foreign friends.

25. From the last paragraph, we know Li Zhonghua plans to _____.

A. be an English teacher

B. make more videos

C. give up learning English

D. learn another different language C In the West, Chinese food is becoming more and more popular, especially Sichuan food. Sichuan food is well-known for two basic tastes—ma and la. Now, many Westerners fall in love with the spicy (辛辣的) dishes of Sichuan. Here are the top three of them. Ma po tofu is probably the best-known Sichuan dish in the West. It is made with tofu and beef. Many people like ma po tofu because of its special taste, ma. There is an old story about it. It is said that ma po tofu was made by an old woman who had many marks (斑点) on her face. Hot pot is also called ma la huoguo. Many Westerners think hot pot is the hottest dish. It is a social meal and everyone cooks their own food in the pot while talking. So it’ s a good way to enjoy delicious food and have conversations. They also think hot pot is a sign of a brave person if a person can eat a Sichuan hot pot meal without drinking cold water. Kungpao chicken is another spicy dish. It has the other name, gong bao ji ding. It’ s made with chicken and peanuts. Its name comes from Ding Baozhen, an officer of Sichuan. The dish was his favourite. One story is that he often put on poor clothes so that he could experience the real lives of common people. Once Ding Baozhen ate this dish in a small restaurant, he enjoyed it so much that he asked his cook to make the same dish. The dish got its name from this.

26. What is Sichuan food well-known for?

A. Its colours. B. Its smells. C. Its tastes. D. Its stories.

27. Ma po tofu is made with _____.

A. tofu and chicken B. chicken and peanuts

C. beef and peanuts D. tofu and beef

28. What is the hottest dish in many Westerners' opinion?

A. Ma po tofu. B. Hot pot. C. Kungpao chicken. D. Hui guo rou.

29. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Ma po tofu is named after an old man with marks.

B. Hot pot is a good way to enjoy delicious food and talk with other people.

C. A person is brave when eating a hot pot meal with drinking cold water.

D. Ding Baozhen was a cook in Sichuan.

30. What is the structure (结构) of the passage?

A. . B. . C. . D. .

31. Since August,2022, self-driving taxis can run on the roads in these cities EXCEPT_____.

A. Wuhan B. Chengdu C. Chongqing D. Shenzhen

32. What does the underlined word "they" refer to(指代)?

A. Self-driving cars. B. Human drivers. C. Blind people. D. Disabled people.

33. Self-driving cars hardly make wrong decisions or lose focus, so there will be _____.

A. more traffic jams B. worse parking space

C. fewer accidents D. more deaths

34. What problems about self-driving cars are mentioned (提及) in Paragraph 3? ①They can't react as fast as human drivers in unexpected situations. ②They are harmful to the environment. ③They can't see the lines on the road easily during the bad weather. ④They will crash when their computer systems are broken.

A. ①②③ B. ①②④ C. ①③④ D. ②③④

35. The passage mainly talks about _____.

A. the past of self-driving cars

B. the future of self-driving cars

C. the system of self-driving cars

D. the advantages and disadvantages of self-driving cars 第二节 口语运用（共5小题，每小题2分，共10分） 根据下面的对话内容，从选项中选出最佳选项，使对话完整通顺，并将其选项转涂到答题卡上的相应位置。其中有一项为多余选项。 A: Hi, Joe! We are preparing the report about dream jobs. ____36____ B: Yes, I have. A: What do you want to be in the future? B: ____37____ And I’ m going to teach children Chinese. A: Oh, you always get along well with children. That will be a good job for you. B: You’ re right. ____38____ What about you? A: I want to work as a doctor. B: ____39____ A: Because I want to learn how to keep healthy and help the sick. B: That’ s great! ____40____ A: OK. I want to be a teacher. Don’ t worry. Why do you want to be a doctor? Have you finished it? A.

E. I love to stay with children.

F. Let’ s study hard to achieve our dreams.

四、写作要求：（共 1 小题，每小题 17 分，共 17 分）

36. (17 分)

五、请将书面表达内容写在答题卡上的相应位置。（共 1 小题，每小题 15 分，共 15 分）

37.（15 分）

—— 参考答案与逐题解析附于卷末 ——

参考答案

客观题速查表 + 主观题参考范文/译文；逐题解析附后

1. D. talk about	3. B. get close to	4. A. For example	5. C. Millions of	6. C
7. B	8. A	9. B	10. D	11. C
12. A	13. B	14. D	15. A	16. D
17. B	18. B	19. D	20. A	21. C
22. D	23. A	24. C	25. D	26. C
27. D	28. B	29. B	30. B	31. A
32. A	33. C	34. C	35. D	

2. E. places of interest

36. Dear Li Hua,

I'm glad to hear that you're coming to visit our city. Here are some suggestions for your trip.

First, you should try the local food. Our city is famous for its delicious noodles and fresh seafood. Second, I recommend visiting the City Park. It's a beautiful place to take a walk and enjoy the scenery. Third, you can go shopping in the downtown area. There are many interesting shops and markets.

I hope you have a wonderful time here. I'm looking forward to seeing you soon.

Yours,
Zhang Wei

37. Boys and girls,

It is important to make full use of our free time. As students, how can we make our free time meaningful?

First, we can develop good reading habits. Reading books not only opens our minds but also helps us relax after a busy day of study. Second, doing sports is a great choice. Playing basketball or running can make us stronger and healthier. Third, we can learn some new skills, like cooking or playing the guitar. These skills will be useful in our daily life. Finally, spending time with family and friends is also meaningful. We can chat, play games, or help with housework together.

In a word, free time is precious. Let's plan it well and make every minute count!

Thank you!

逐题解析

答案定位与考点精讲

1. 【答案】D. talk about

1 空 识别固定搭配 take on → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
2 空 识别固定搭配 places of interest → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
3 空 识别固定搭配 get close to → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
4 空 识别逻辑关系为举例 → 匹配选项 For example → 得出答案
5 空 识别固定搭配 Millions of → 匹配选项 → 得出答案

考点：动词搭配 take on　固定搭配（通用）　逻辑衔接词

2. 【答案】E. places of interest

1 空 识别固定搭配 take on → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
2 空 识别固定搭配 places of interest → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
3 空 识别固定搭配 get close to → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
4 空 识别逻辑关系为举例 → 匹配选项 For example → 得出答案
5 空 识别固定搭配 Millions of → 匹配选项 → 得出答案

考点：动词搭配 take on　固定搭配（通用）　逻辑衔接词

3. 【答案】B. get close to

1 空 识别固定搭配 take on → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
2 空 识别固定搭配 places of interest → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
3 空 识别固定搭配 get close to → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
4 空 识别逻辑关系为举例 → 匹配选项 For example → 得出答案
5 空 识别固定搭配 Millions of → 匹配选项 → 得出答案

考点：动词搭配 take on　固定搭配（通用）　逻辑衔接词

4. 【答案】A. For example

1 空 识别固定搭配 take on → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
2 空 识别固定搭配 places of interest → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
3 空 识别固定搭配 get close to → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
4 空 识别逻辑关系为举例 → 匹配选项 For example → 得出答案
5 空 识别固定搭配 Millions of → 匹配选项 → 得出答案

考点：动词搭配 take on　固定搭配（通用）　逻辑衔接词

5. 【答案】C. Millions of

1 空 识别固定搭配 take on → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
2 空 识别固定搭配 places of interest → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
3 空 识别固定搭配 get close to → 匹配选项 → 得出答案
4 空 识别逻辑关系为举例 → 匹配选项 For example → 得出答案
5 空 识别固定搭配 Millions of → 匹配选项 → 得出答案

考点：动词搭配 take on　固定搭配（通用）　逻辑衔接词

6. 【答案】C

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体
7 空 根据‘fixed it by ___’的结构，by为介词，后接动名词形式，且需表达‘独自、亲自’的含义
8 空 根据‘got his money and then ___’的并列结构，油漆工完成工作、拿到钱后应是离开
9 空 根据‘in front of the painter’s house’及后文渔夫再次给钱的情节，渔夫应是出现在油漆工家门口
10 空 根据固定搭配‘to one’s surprise’（令某人惊讶的是），选择介词to
11 空 定位前文'found a small hole' → 推理'fixed it by ___'需填入表示'修理'的动名词 → 得出答案
12 空 定位后文'I suddenly remembered the hole' → 推理渔夫发现儿子驾有洞的船出海后的心理状态 → 得出答案
13 空 定位前后句'I tried to call him'与'he didn't answer' → 推理两句为转折关系 → 得出答案
14 空 定位后文'You saved my son's life' → 推理儿子出海归来是'安全地' → 得出答案
15 空 定位前文'saved my son's ___' → 推理善举挽救的是'生命' → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑　介词后接动名词　反身代词作宾语　动作逻辑链　近义词辨析　固定搭配　介词搭配　动词搭配　状语从句　逻辑衔接词

7. 【答案】B

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体
7 空 根据‘fixed it by ___’的结构，by为介词，后接动名词形式，且需表达‘独自、亲自’的含义
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8. 【答案】A

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体
7 空 根据‘fixed it by ___’的结构，by为介词，后接动名词形式，且需表达‘独自、亲自’的含义
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9. 【答案】B

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体
7 空 根据‘fixed it by ___’的结构，by为介词，后接动名词形式，且需表达‘独自、亲自’的含义
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10. 【答案】D

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体
7 空 根据‘fixed it by ___’的结构，by为介词，后接动名词形式，且需表达‘独自、亲自’的含义
8 空 根据‘got his money and then ___’的并列结构，油漆工完成工作、拿到钱后应是离开
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13 空 定位前后句'I tried to call him'与'he didn't answer' → 推理两句为转折关系 → 得出答案
14 空 定位后文'You saved my son's life' → 推理儿子出海归来是'安全地' → 得出答案
15 空 定位前文'saved my son's ___' → 推理善举挽救的是'生命' → 得出答案

考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑　介词后接动名词　反身代词作宾语　动作逻辑链　近义词辨析　固定搭配　介词搭配　动词搭配　状语从句　逻辑衔接词

11. 【答案】C

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体
7 空 根据‘fixed it by ___’的结构，by为介词，后接动名词形式，且需表达‘独自、亲自’的含义
8 空 根据‘got his money and then ___’的并列结构，油漆工完成工作、拿到钱后应是离开
9 空 根据‘in front of the painter’s house’及后文渔夫再次给钱的情节，渔夫应是出现在油漆工家门口
10 空 根据固定搭配‘to one’s surprise’（令某人惊讶的是），选择介词to
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考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑　介词后接动名词　反身代词作宾语　动作逻辑链　近义词辨析　固定搭配　介词搭配　动词搭配　状语从句　逻辑衔接词

12. 【答案】A

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体
7 空 根据‘fixed it by ___’的结构，by为介词，后接动名词形式，且需表达‘独自、亲自’的含义
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考点：语境选词 上下文逻辑 介词后接动名词 反身代词作宾语 动作逻辑链 近义词辨析 固定搭配 介词搭配 动词搭配 状语从句 逻辑衔接词

13. 【答案】B

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14. 【答案】D

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体
7 空 根据‘fixed it by ___’的结构，by为介词，后接动名词形式，且需表达‘独自、亲自’的含义
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15. 【答案】A

6 空 根据后文渔夫提到的‘the hole in the boat’及油漆工‘fixed it’的语境，推断空格处应为需要修补的物体

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考点：语境选词　上下文逻辑　介词后接动名词　反身代词作宾语　动作逻辑链　近义词辨析　固定搭配　介词搭配　动词搭配　状语从句　逻辑衔接词

16. 【答案】D

定位俱乐部列表 → 对比选项与列表 → 排除已列出俱乐部 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

17. 【答案】B

定位俱乐部描述段落 → 逐项比对原文信息 → 找出与原文一致的陈述 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

18. 【答案】B

定位时间信息 → 理解报名时间范围 → 判断选项时间是否在范围内 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

19. 【答案】D

定位获取更多信息的方式 → 匹配原文具体指令 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

20. 【答案】A

分析文本类型与内容特征 → 推断其最可能出现的载体 → 得出答案

考点：推理判断

21. 【答案】C

定位语篇中人物职业信息 → 识别与选项的对应关系 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

22. 【答案】D

定位语篇中关于学习英语时间的描述 → 识别时间状语 → 得出答案

考点：细节定位与捕捉

23. 【答案】A

定位划线词在语篇中的上下文 → 根据语境推断词义 → 得出答案

考点：词义猜测

24. 【答案】C
定位语篇中李中华对英语看法的表述 → 识别其观点态度 → 得出答案
考点：观点态度

25. 【答案】D
定位语篇最后一段 → 推断李中华的未来计划 → 得出答案
考点：推理判断

26. 【答案】C
定位题干关键词 'Sichuan food' → 在语篇中定位到 'Sichuan food is well-known for its tastes' → 同义替换得出答案
考点：细节定位与捕捉

27. 【答案】D
定位题干关键词 'Ma po tofu' → 在语篇中定位到 'Ma po tofu is made with tofu and beef' → 同义替换得出答案
考点：细节定位与捕捉

28. 【答案】B
定位题干关键词 'hottest dish' 和 'Westerners' → 在语篇中定位到 'Hot pot is the hottest dish in many Westerners' opinion' → 同义替换得出答案
考点：细节定位与捕捉

29. 【答案】B
逐一核对选项与语篇细节 → 选项B与语篇中 'Hot pot is a good way to enjoy delicious food and talk with friends' 一致 → 得出答案
考点：细节定位与捕捉

30. 【答案】B
文章先总述后分述，属总分结构，对应B项图示。

31. 【答案】A
定位题干关键词 'self-driving taxis' 和 'EXCEPT' → 在语篇中定位到 'Since August, 2022, self-driving taxis can run on the roads in Chengdu, Chongqing, and Shenzhen' → 排除法得出答案
考点：细节定位与捕捉

32. 【答案】A
定位代词所在句 → 分析前文指代对象 → 确定指代内容
考点：指代与衔接

33. 【答案】C
定位题干因果逻辑 → 推断自动驾驶汽车优势的必然结果 → 匹配选项
考点：推理判断

34. 【答案】C
定位第三段 → 逐一核对陈述是否被提及 → 组合正确选项
考点：细节定位与捕捉

35. 【答案】D

通览全文 → 概括各段核心内容 → 归纳文章主旨

考点：主旨大意

36. 【答案】Dear Li Hua,

I'm glad to hear that you're…

根据表格要点组织语言，运用SVO主干句式和take on等动词搭配，构建包含多个要点的连贯段落。

考点：take on　SVO主干句式　句式变化与复杂句构建

37. 【答案】Boys and girls,

It is important to make full…

围绕主题展开论述，使用多样句式和恰当搭配组织段落。

考点：make full use of　take on　SVO主干结构　句式变化与复杂句构建